

A HIGHLY SUSTAINABLE ACTIVE REMEDIAL TOOL FOR DEGRADING PETROLEUM AND CHLORINATED CONTAMINANTS, EVEN IN CLAY FORMATIONS



REMEDIATION TECHNOLOGIES SYMPOSIUM 2022 (Banff, Alberta) Eric Vonde Atlas Technical Consultants Denver, Colorado



ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

- Song Jin, PhD and Paul Fallgren
- Advanced Environmental Technologies, LLC (AET)
- Fort Collins, Colorado



AGENDA



I. E-Redox[®] Oxidation **II.** Sustainability Analysis (Petroleum) III.E-Redox® Reduction **IV.** Sustainability Analysis (Chlorinated Solvents)







Reactions via electron transport and shifts of charges and molecular configurations at particle/water interface

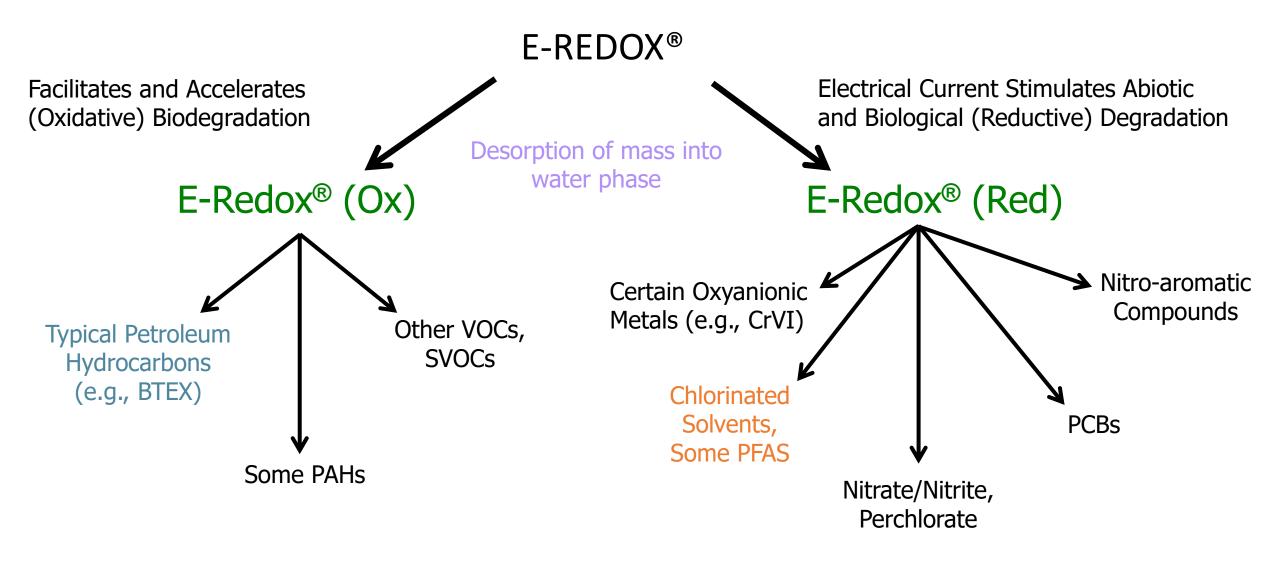


Friendly for fine-grained lithology with higher electrical conductivities: silts & clays



E-REDOX[®] PROCESS OVERVIEW







E-REDOX[®] (OXIDATION)

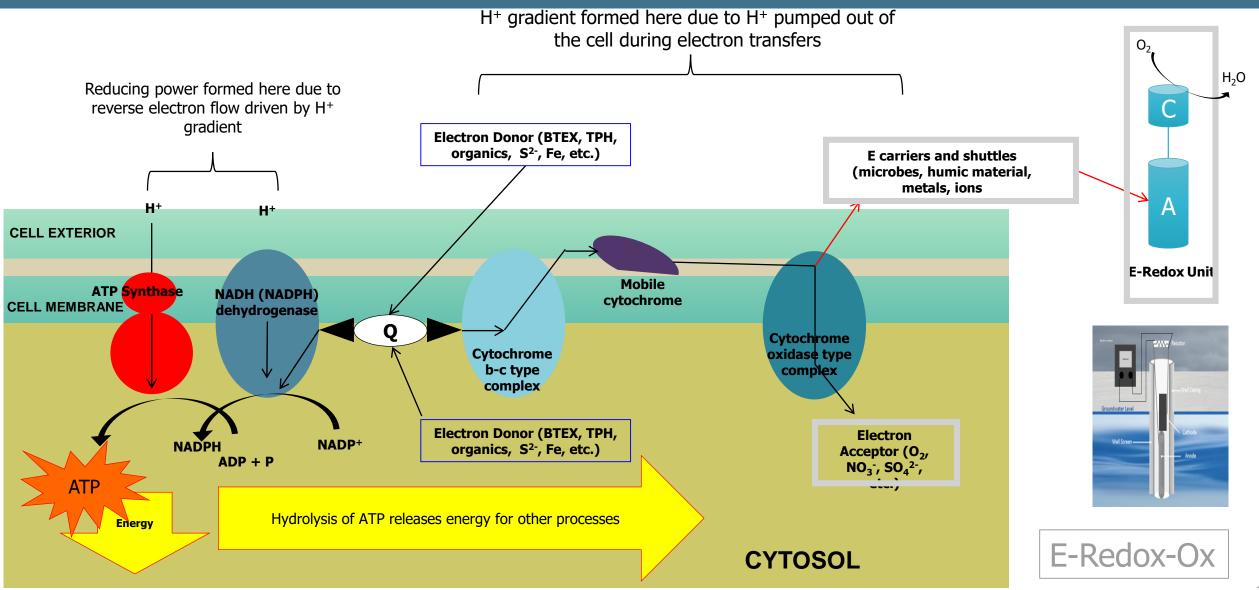






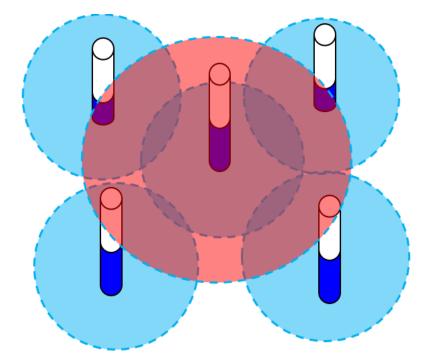






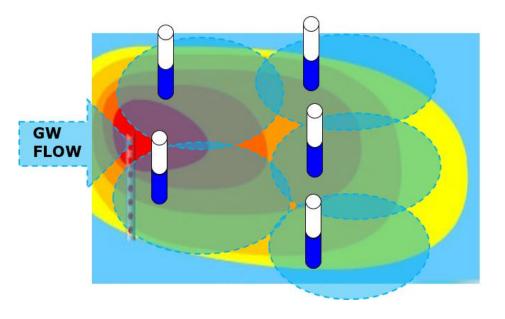
E-REDOX[®]





E-Redox[®] as reactive barrier for larger plume treatment

E-Redox[®] for source and small plume treatment





E-REDOX[®] (OX) FOR PETROLEUM DEGRADATION



CASE STUDY - ACTIVE FUELING STATION LITTLETON, COLORADO



Primary Contaminant of Concern: Benzene

Area of Contamination Mass:

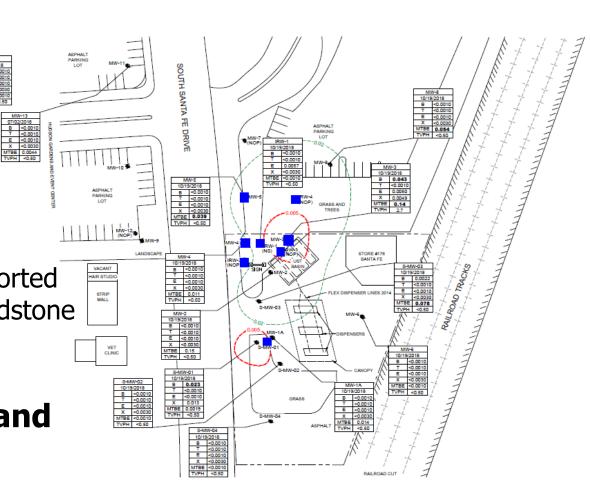
~37,500 square feet

Subsurface Lithology:

Heterogeneous lithology consisting of a gravelly poorly sorted sand and silt with some clays overlaying a claystone/sandstone bedrock

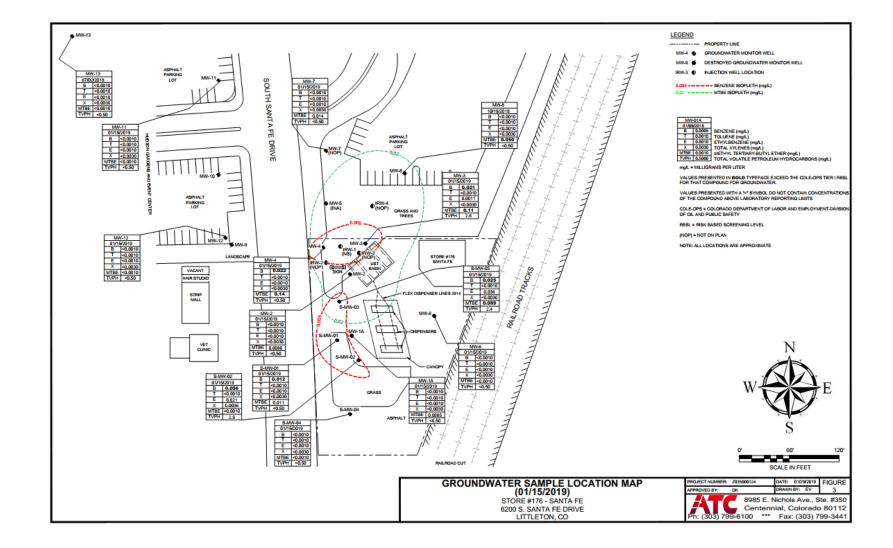
Previous Remedial Technologies Utilized and the Site:

- Hydrogen Peroxide Injection
- Chemically Oxygenated Granular Activated Carbon™ Injections



SITE MAP







E-REDOX[®] SYSTEM FIELD INSTALLATION





Site



Health and safety meeting



Pre-Installation Monitoring



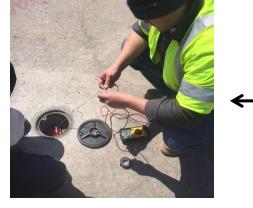
E-Redox® Unit Prep



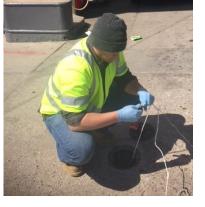
Implementation



Close Well Cover



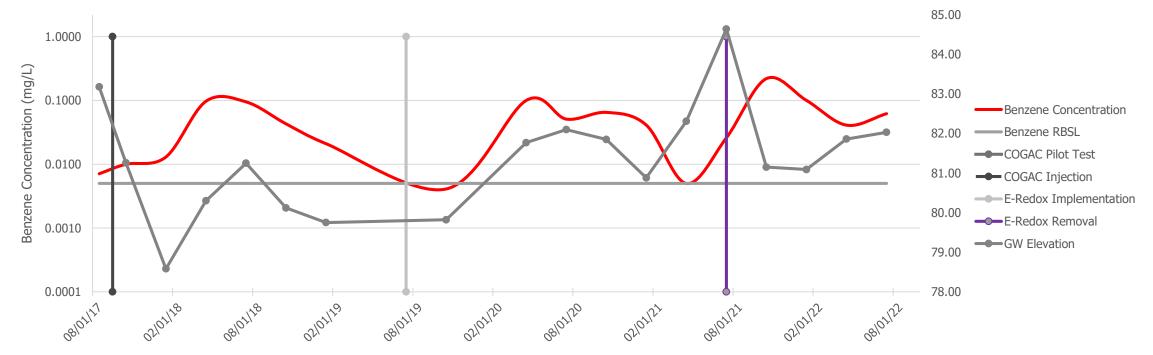
Voltage Monitoring



Securing E-Redox® Unit

BENZENE HYDROGRAPH

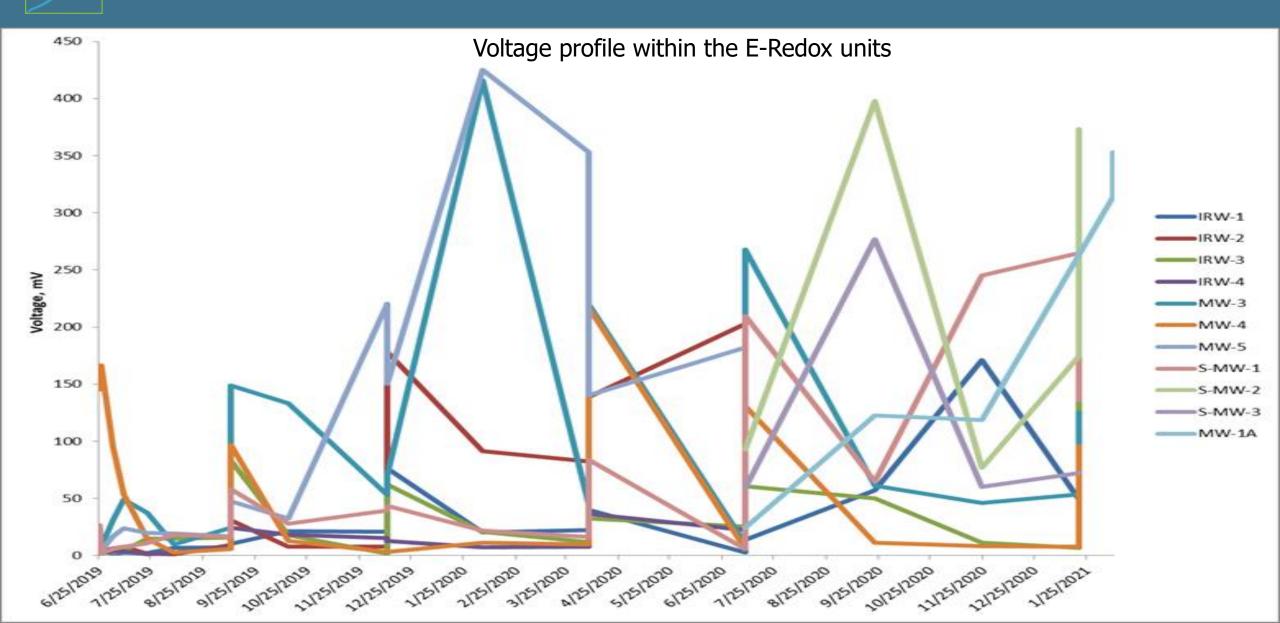




E-REDOX[®] VOLTAGE PROFILE

AEI





SUSTAINABLE REMEDIATION

1	Minimize energy use & maximize renewable energy use
2	Minimize air pollution & GHG emissions
3	Minimize water use & impacts to water resources
4	Reduce, reuse and recycle materials and waste
5	Minimize land use & protect ecosystems



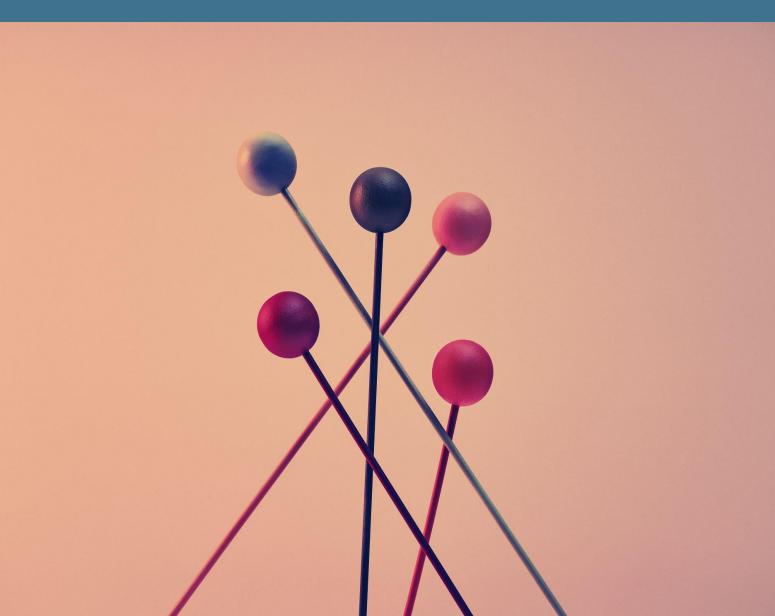
E-REDOX[®] (O_X) + NUTRIENT AMENDMENT



Assumptions:

- Nutrients LCA and additional onsite gravimetric injection
- 2 year in-situ remediation
- Quarterly maintenance
- Maintaining 15 wells

Total *CO*₂ Emissions: **1.25 metric tons**, primarily from transportation







Assumptions:

- •20 injection wells, 2 rounds of injections
- 55 gallons/persulfate, per injection
- 1000 HP engine to drive injections
- 500 gallons hydrocarbons released

Total *CO*₂ Emissions:

23.53 metric tons, primarily from equipment operation





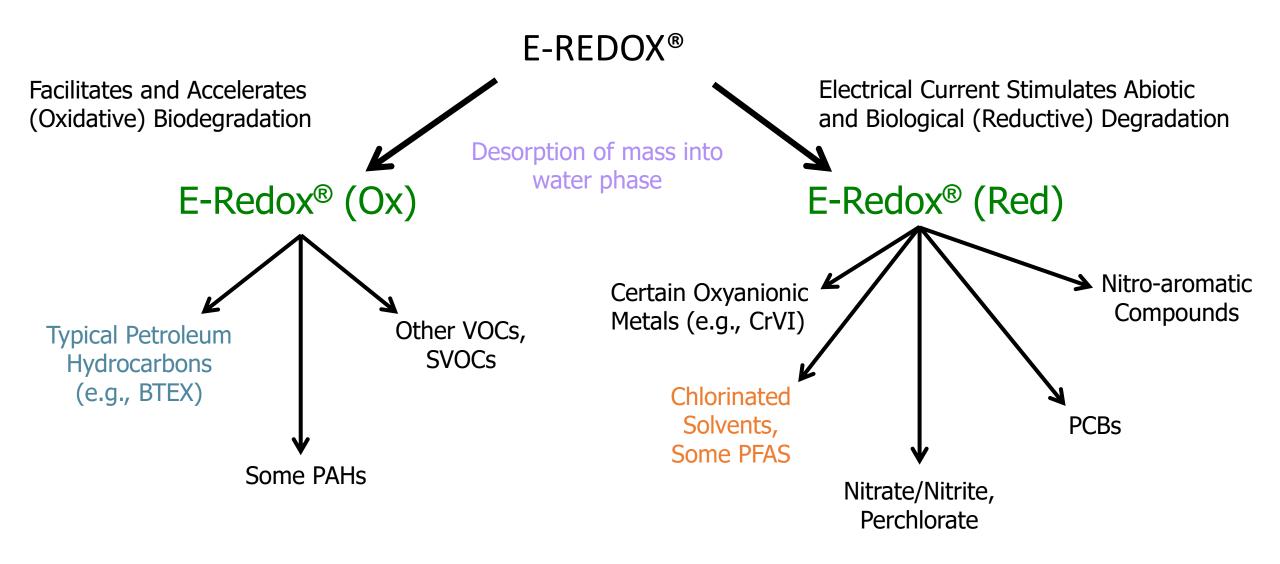


- E-Redox® technology degrades benzene to meet compliance level within 22 months
- Unrestricted by tight matrices such as clay
- Minimal O&M
- Voltage profile in E-Redox® used for real-time monitoring of biodegradation in groundwater



E-REDOX[®] PROCESS OVERVIEW



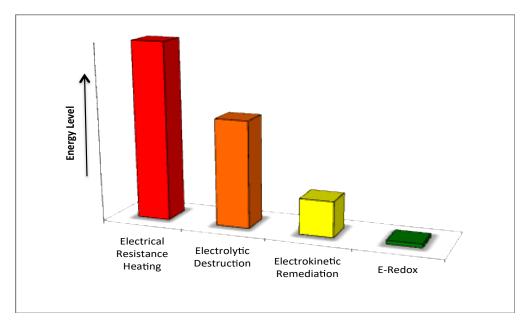


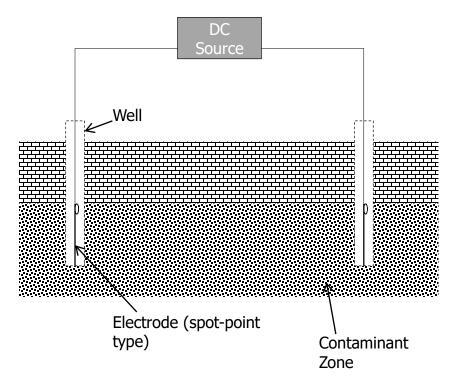


E-REDOX[®] (REDUCTION)



- Establishes a low-voltage/low-amperage static electric field in the contaminated matrix.
- Promotes reductive destruction and desorption of source compounds from soil into water





Patented by AET, 1st Field Application 2014 Jin et al., 2008. Chem Eng J, 140:642 Jin and Fallgren 2009, J Haz Mat, 153:127 Luo et al., 2010. Chem Eng J, 160:185

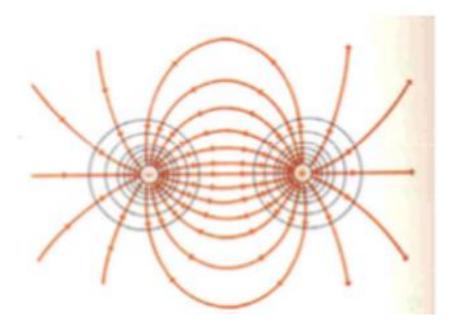


"MICRO-CONDUCTOR / CAPACITOR" MECHANISM



- Soil particles in the influenced matrix act as micro-conductors, become polarized, and act as micro-capacitors
 - Reductive destruction of chlorinated solvents
- Constant shifts of surface charge on soil particles "disturb" the "water cage" configuration and weaken the constituent's adsorption
 - Desorption of contaminants from soil into water
 - Elimination of "rebounds"
- * Dietmar Rahner, Dresden U of Technology, 2002



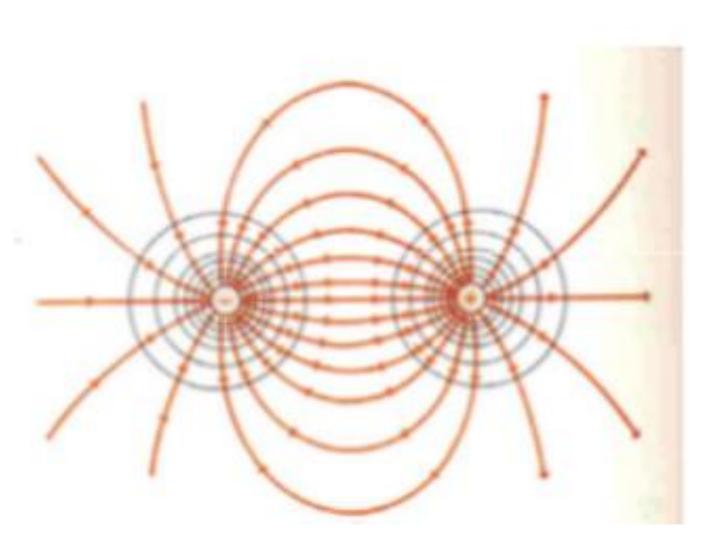




STATIC ELECTRIC FIELD



- Field data indicate a radius of influence (ROI) of ~25-30 ft in clay and silts; >40 ft for matrices with injection history of carbon, ZVI, or other conductive compounds
- Electrodes spacing: ~25 ft for mixed saturated and unsaturated matrices





DEGRADATION OF PERCHLOROETHYLENE (PCE) IN GROUNDWATER

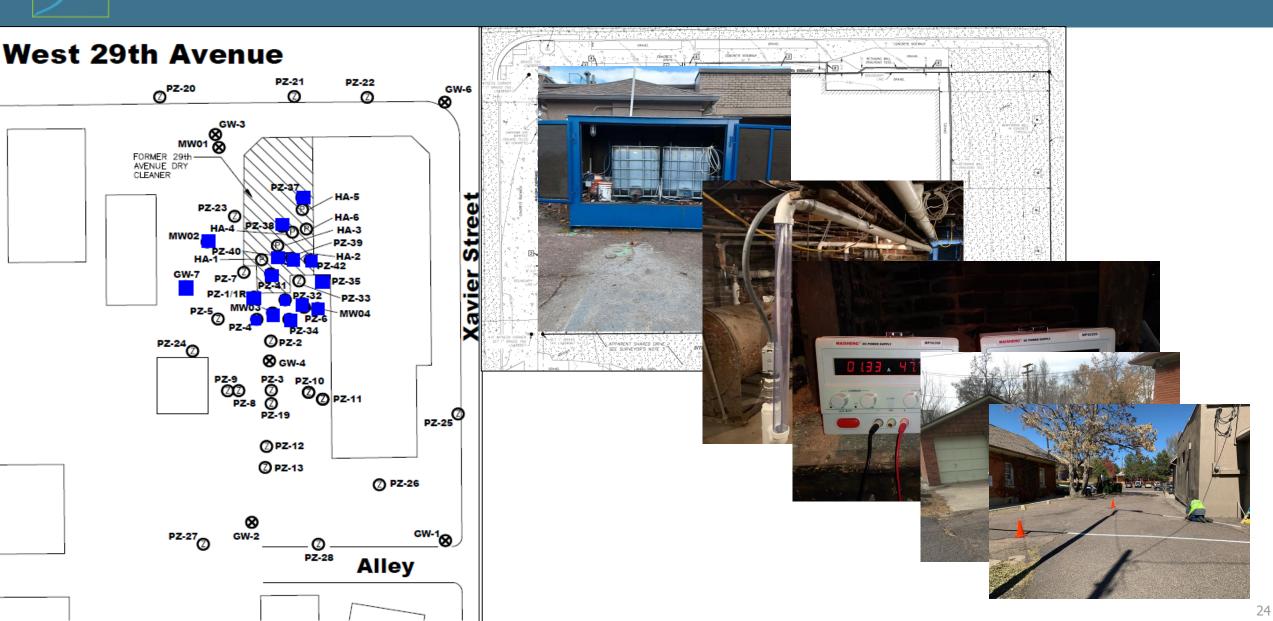


- Location: Denver, CO
- Site History: Former dry cleaner
- Site Area: 0.3 acres
- Contaminant: Tetrachloroethene (PCE)
- Contaminated Matrix: Groundwater
- Site acquired to convert into a 42-unit multifamily apartment building
- Past Remediation Efforts:
 - In situ chemical oxidation using permanganate
 - Reducing agents
- Residual PCE persisted despite past remediation efforts
- NOTE: This is an AET project in collaboration with RE Solutions LLC



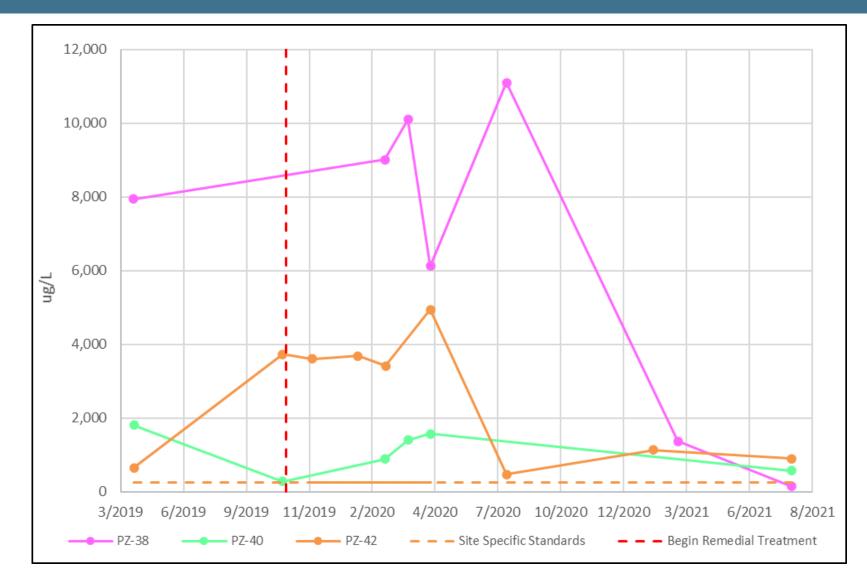
E-REDOX[®] (REDUCTION) IMPLEMENTATION





DEGRADATION OF PERCHLOROETHYLENE (PCE) IN GROUNDWATER





LIFE CYCLE ASSESSMENTS OF E-REDOX[®] (RED) TECHNOLOGIES

- LCAs of E-Redox-Red technology
 - Based on completed projects at former dry cleaners and industrial/manufacturing sites (4-6 units consisting of 2-3 electrodes per unit), operated on municipal power
- LCAs conducted using SiteWise[™] (v. 3)

GHG EMISSIONS FOR E-REDOX[®] (RED)

Typical overall project GHG emissions primarily from construction materials and equipment use for new wells and/or abandonment

First year GHG emissions for E-Redox-Red = 3.34 metric tons CO₂-e

For comparison: Pump & treat (with activated carbon separation) GHG = 1,965 metric tons CO₂-e

Energy Consumption by E-Redox-Red: ~50 W/unit Eric Vonde Atlas Technical Consultants Denver, Colorado Phone Number – (303) 248 8848 Email: eric.Vonde@oneatlas.com

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