



- Site Description
- Background
- Objectives
- In-Situ Chemical Injection –
 Pilot-test & Large Scale
 - Approach
 - Activities
 - Challenges and Solutions
- Results & Next Steps





Site Description

- Site is an **active shopping centre** in Metro Vancouver, BC (commercial)
- **Dry cleaner** operated on the northwest corner of the site between early 1960s and late 1980s
- Adjacent surrounding properties:
 commercial, residential, school
- Major river ~2 km north of the site and smaller tributaries and creeks to ~600 m north, ~900 m northwest and ~850 m southeast
 - o groundwater flow divide



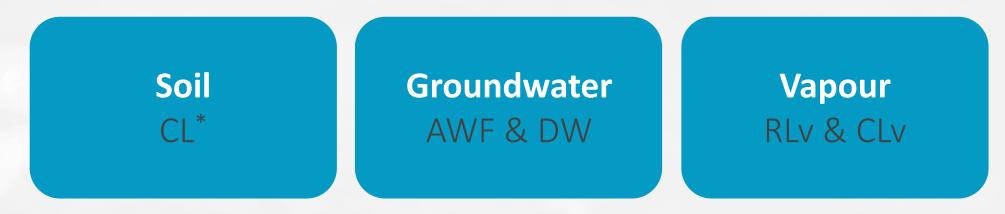




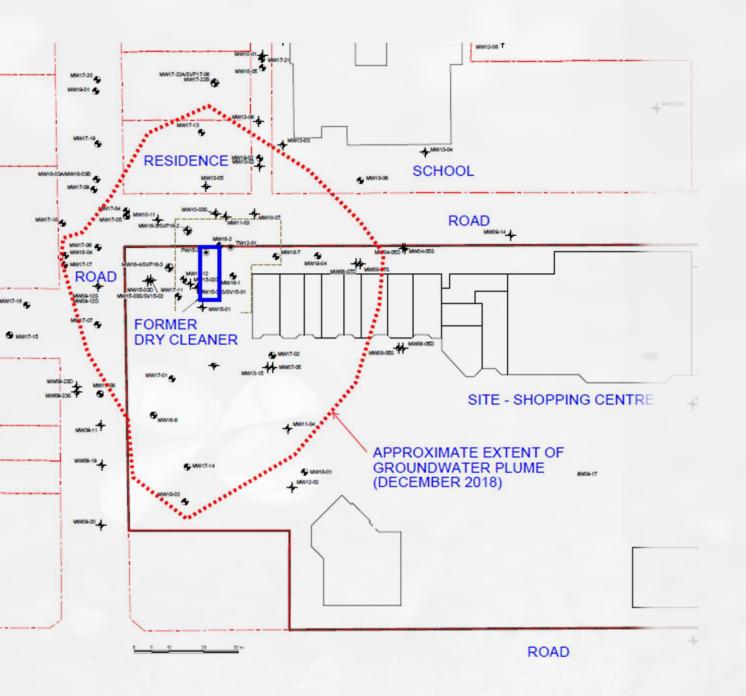
Background

Environmental investigation and remediation activities at site since 1988 by various consultants, **SLR since 2015.**

Applicable BC CSR standards:

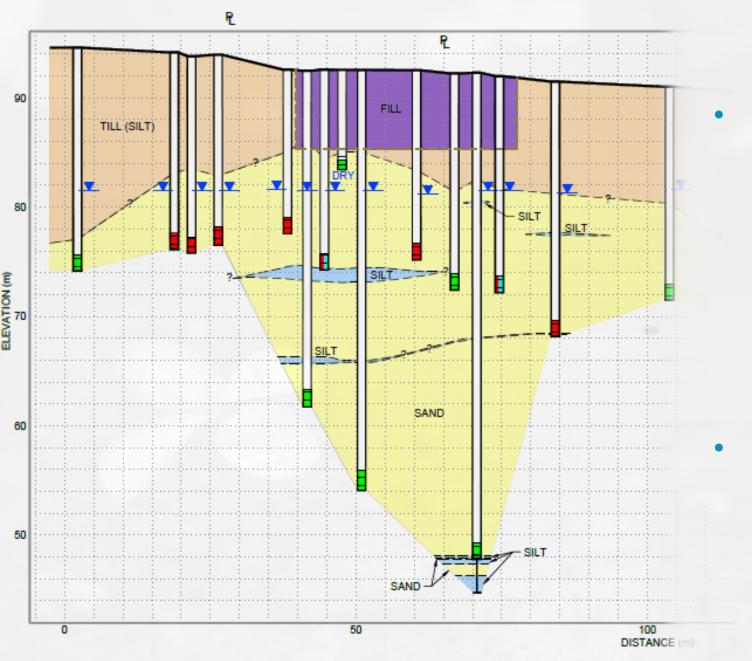






PCE and degradation products in soil, groundwater and vapour at concentrations above applicable BC CSR standards on-site and offsite to north and west beneath roads, a residence and a school.





Soil profile in area of plume approximately:

- till (silt) to 8 mbg(hard difficult to drill)
- sand to 45 mbg
 (heaving difficult to drill)
- lower silt

Main groundwater plume in sand between approximately **11 and 21 mbg** (delineated horizontally and vertically)



Remediation Activities

1990s & 2010s

2015

2019

2021

Remedial excavations removed 6,000 m³ of PCE-impacted soil in source area on-site and off-site to north, focussed on the till. Groundwater
treatment system
installed on-site to
extract and treat
groundwater and
prevent further
migration of
groundwater plume
off-site in the sand.

Pilot-test injection program of BOS 100® was implemented in "hot spot" on-site to treat PCE in groundwater.

Based on success of pilot-test, large scale injection program implemented on-site and off-site.





Objective of Remediation by Chemical Injection

Objective: To reduce high PCE concentrations

To eliminate need for groundwater treatment system.

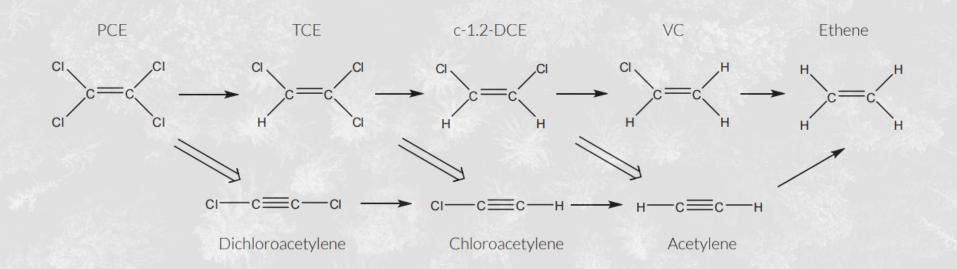
To facilitate a human health and ecological risk assessment for the site.

To obtain risk-based Certificates of Compliance from the BC ENV for the site and off-site affected areas.



Remedial Amendment Trap & Treat BOS 100®

- Designed for in-situ chlorinated solvent remediation
- Activated carbon impregnated with elemental iron
- Contaminants are "trapped" (i.e. adsorbed) by the carbon then "treated" by the elemental iron
- Abiotic process avoids formation of daughter products (double arrows)



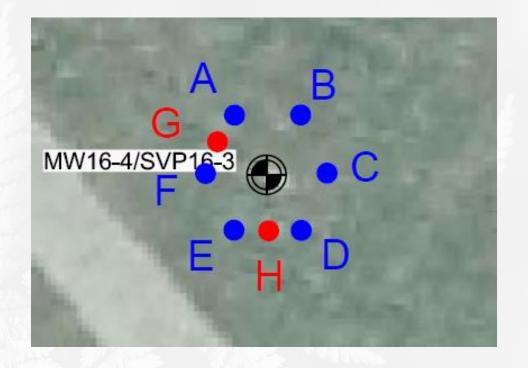




Pilot-test

Approach & Activities

- Health & Safety
- Selected "hotspot" of groundwater plume in the source area on-site (MW16-4)
- 6 temporary IPs completed in 2 steps:
 - used sonic rig to pre-drill to 19 mbg (difficult drilling), ~1.5 m step-outs
 - Direct push (Geoprobe®) inject 12%wt suspension (BOS 100® and water) (total 650 kg BOS 100®, 5,500 L suspension)





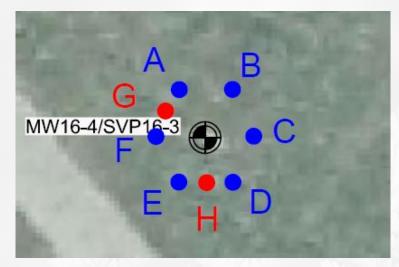














Verification

- Vertex monitored injection flow rates, pressures and volumes during injection and monitored adjacent wells for influence from injections
- boreholes midway between injection points with sonic rig for continuous soil sampling at target depths and completed visual inspection of soil cores for distribution of BOS 100®





Pilot-Test - Conclusions & Observations

- Sonic pre-drilling for IPs followed by direct push to inject at target depth intervals feasible
- Injection volumes, flow rates and pressures observed during pilot-test considered feasible for large scale injection program
- Based on visual inspection of post injection verification boreholes, BOS 100[®] amendment well distributed within targeted injection depth ranges
- Average ROI approximately 1.2 m and 1.5 m





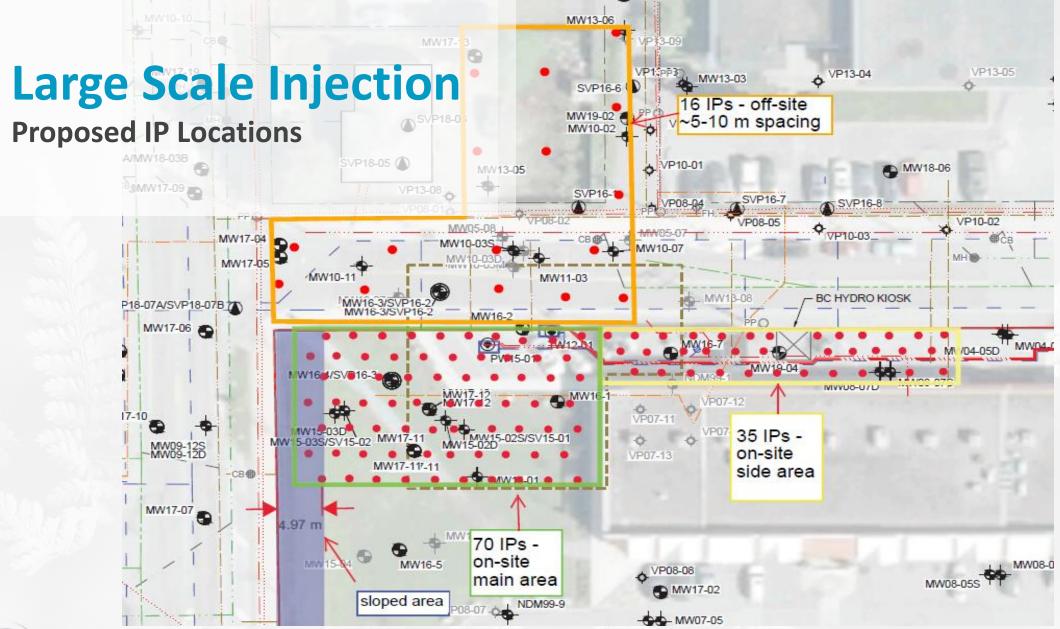
Pilot-Test - Analytical Results

MW16-4

Sample Date	PCE (µg/L)	TCE (µg/L)	1,2-cis-DCE (µg/L)	VC (μg/L)
CSR DW Standards	30	5	8	2
CSR AWF Standards	<u>1,100</u>	<u>200</u>	THE STATE OF	man little for
20-Jun-2018	22,700	56.5	23.9	1.75
3-Oct-2018	<u>25,500</u>	60	28.4	0.49
4-Dec-2018	26,900	74.7	33.6	2.19
15-May-2019	<u>17,200</u>	64.8	44.4	1.12
2-Jul-2019	14,400	71.8	97.1	3.34
25-Jul-2019	<u>9,890</u>	60	214	19.2
8-Aug-2019	12,600	76.7	93.5	13.2
29-Aug-2019	<u>11,200</u>	43.6	37.8	2.98
4-Oct-2019	<u>5,140</u>	55.6	36.2	3
31-Jan-2020	<u>2,760</u>	40.8	24	0.55
25-Mar-2021	658	21.5	4.51	<0.4

pilot-test Jun 2019









Proposed IP Locations

121 IPs

105 IPs on-site

- 3m off-set grid
- Injection interval 8.8-18.9 mbg
- 0.6 m vertical intervals
- 6% wt. BOS 100[®] (21,000 kg BOS 100[®], 330,000 L)

16 IPs off-site

- 5-10m spacing
- Injection interval 14.9-21.3 mbg
- 0.6 m vertical intervals
- 4.2% wt. BOS 100[®] (2,500 kg BOS 100[®], 60,000 L)





Planning & Preparation

- Health & Safety
- Access requests (city and residence)
- Utility clearance and grid layout (reviewing plans, physical locates & marking, hydrovac each location)
- Mobilization of equipment/supplies to site (fencing, sea-cans, BOS 100[®], trailer, rigs, vac trucks, water tanks, skid steer etc.)
- Removal of garbage enclosure
- Waste management and disposal
- Traffic control/management
- Overnight security















Approach & Activities

- 121 IPs
 - 105 IPs on-site, 6 IPs off-site (utility locates & hydrovac each IP)
 - o Two steps: 1) pre-drill with sonic, 2) injection with direct push
 - Approximately 3 pre-drills/day, 1.5 injections/day
 - Logistical planning
 - pre-drills completed in batches to stay ahead of injections
 - keep sonic and direct push rigs in separate areas to avoid over crowding
 - work within permit hours and one lane at time for off-site
- Duration of field program May to September 2021





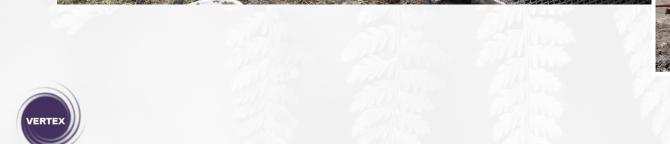


















Challenges





Challenge:

Refusal of direct push in pre-drilled boreholes

Solution:

Increasing diameter of pre-drilled holes from 3.5 to 6 inches





Challenge:

Injection tooling/rods clogging, lost rods

Solutions:

- Removing rods/tooling, cleaning and reattempting
- Injecting from top down (instead of from bottom up)
- Adjusting injection pressures (150-1,350 psi)
- Disconnected rods that could not be removed, left in place, cut hose and backfilled





Challenge:

Daylighting of suspension through the top of pre-drilled boreholes and/or interconnecting boreholes (instead of going into the formation)

Solutions:

- Changing backfill material of pre-drilled boreholes from bentonite grout to hydrated bentonite for a better seal
- Increasing concentration of BOS 100[®] slurry to reduce volume (6%-12% on-site, 4.2%-8.4% off-site)
- Adjusting injection pressures (150-1,350 psi)
- Relocating to adjacent IPs

In total, 23,500 kg BOS 100[®] injected, 250,525 L suspension





Wrap up

Demobilization of equipment

Restoration of residence driveway and garden

Restoration on-site – new lawn and repaving













Post Injection

Injections completed September 2021

Groundwater treatment system shut down **September 2021**

Completed 3 rounds of groundwater sampling October 2021, January 2022 and April 2022

Approximately 40 wells each round for analysis of chlorinated solvents





MW16-4 - on-site within injection area

	Sample Date	PCE (μg/L)	TCE (µg/L)	1,2-cis-DCE (μg/L)	VC (μg/L)
	CSR DW Standards	30	5	8	2
	CSR AWF Standards	<u>1,100</u>	<u>200</u>		
	25-Mar-2021	658	21.5	4.51	<0.4
Τ	5-Oct-2021	451	34.8	12.1	1.61
	25-Jan-2022	7.41	0.52	<0.5	<0.4
	27-Apr-2022	1.46	2.8	5.57	<0.4

injection May-Sep 2021

Analytical Results

Concentrations decreasing





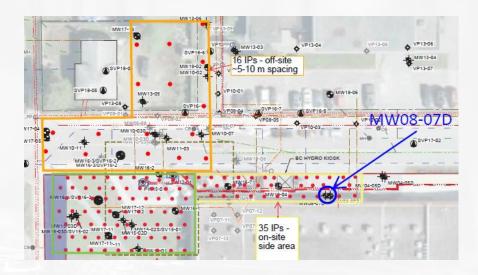
MW08-07D - on-site within injection area

Sample Date	PCE (μg/L)	TCE (μg/L)	1,2-cis-DCE (μg/L)	VC (μg/L)		
CSR DW Standards	30	5	8	2		
CSR AWF Standards	<u>1,100</u>	<u>200</u>	40)6			
22-Mar-2021	33.7	11.6	28.1	<0.4		
5-Oct-2021	4.82	2.77	12.2	<0.4		
27-Jan-2022	29.1	4.57	8.48	<0.4		
26-Apr-2022	4.64	3.78	8.87	<0.4		

injection May-Sep 2021

Analytical Results

Concentrations decreasing





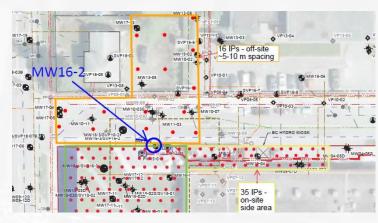
MW16-2 - on-site within injection area (between extraction wells)

Sample Date	PCE (μg/L)	TCE (µg/L)	1,2-cis-DCE (μg/L)	VC (μg/L)
CSR DW Standards	30	5	8	2
CSR AWF Standards	<u>1,100</u>	<u>200</u>		
2-Jul-2019	77.2	5.4	3	<0.4
29-Aug-2019	121	6.6	3.3	<0.4
9-Dec-2019	40.4	1.4	<1	<0.4
22-Mar-2021	48.7	1.02	<0.5	<0.4
5-Oct-2021	61.7	1.92	<0.5	<0.4
25-Apr-2022	90.4	3.47	1.09	<0.4

injection May-Sep 2021

Analytical Results

- concentrations increasing
- near extraction wells (system off)
- expect to see decrease over time





MW10-07 - off-site within injection area

Sample Date	PCE (µg/L)	TCE (µg/L)	1,2-cis-DCE (μg/L)	VC (μg/L)		
CSR DW Standards	30	5	8	2		
CSR AWF Standards	<u>1,100</u>	<u>200</u>				
22-Mar-2021	1510	32.1	8.27	<2		
7-Oct-2021	1260	25.7	7.39	0.93		
24-Jan-2022	1360	38.5	13.5	2.09		
25-Apr-2022	1570	36	13.4	3.33		
	CSR DW Standards CSR AWF Standards 22-Mar-2021 7-Oct-2021 24-Jan-2022	Sample Date PCE (μg/L) CSR DW Standards 30 CSR AWF Standards 1,100 22-Mar-2021 1510 7-Oct-2021 1260 24-Jan-2022 1360	Sample Date PCE (μg/L) TCE (μg/L) CSR DW Standards 30 5 CSR AWF Standards 1,100 200 22-Mar-2021 1510 32.1 7-Oct-2021 1260 25.7 24-Jan-2022 1360 38.5	Sample Date PCE (μg/L) TCE (μg/L) 1,2-cis-DCE (μg/L) CSR DW Standards 30 5 8 CSR AWF Standards 1,100 200 8 22-Mar-2021 1510 32.1 8.27 7-Oct-2021 1260 25.7 7.39 24-Jan-2022 1360 38.5 13.5		

injection May-Sep 2021

Analytical Results

- concentrations increasing
- within injection area, IPs larger spacing and lower %wt BOS 100[®] injected
- near extraction wells (system off)
- expect to see decrease over time
- still delineated and within previous concentration ranges





MW10-11 - off-site within injection area

PCE (µg/L)	TCE (µg/L)	1,2-cis-DCE (μg/L)	VC (μg/L)		
30	5	8	2		
<u>1,100</u>	<u>200</u>				
90.4	12.5	4.7	<0.4		
53.2	16.7	6.29	<0.4		
30.5	4.95	2.72	<0.4		
49.6	4.84	2.46	<0.4		
	30 1,100 90.4 53.2 30.5	30 5 1,100 200 90.4 12.5 53.2 16.7 30.5 4.95	30 5 8 1,100 200 90.4 12.5 4.7 53.2 16.7 6.29 30.5 4.95 2.72		

injection May-Sep 2021

Analytical Results

 concentrations fluctuating but decreasing





Analytical Results

- On-site injection area PCE concentrations generally decreasing except in proximity to extraction wells for water treatment system (WTS shut off post injection, groundwater still delineated and PCE concentrations within previous range)
- Off-site injection area
 - PCE concentrations decreasing at some
 locations but slower than on-site

- PCE concentrations fluctuating at some locations without much change compared to pre-injection
- Larger IP spacing off-site, lower % wt BOS 100[®] suspension injected off-site and off-site wells are on leading edge of injection area
- No significant changes outside injection areas
- Based on analytical results following the pilot-test PCE concentrations continued to decrease over time



Next Steps



Continue groundwater sampling on a quarterly basis until the groundwater plume is stable or shrinking.



Complete a risk assessment and apply for risk-based Certificates of Compliance for on-site and off-site.





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- Field staff: Jill Armstrong, Erica Moran, Lynsey Stone, Chad Choi, David Kinash, Stef Lee, Katelyn Ocampo, Allison Cranwell, Fiona Dobson, Natalia Fioretti
- Technical support: Tim Whalen, Eva Gerencher, Cindy Ott, Ilya Biniowsky, Chris Taylor
- Vertex Environmental Inc.
- Downrite Drilling Ltd. (pre-drilling)
- Drillwell Enterprises Ltd. (injections)



