# LAFARGE NORTH AMERICA



#### Beneficial Recovery of Metal Contaminated Soils in a Cement Kiln

Cement manufacturing process
Lafarge's Beneficial Resource
Recovery Program – use of
Metal Contaminated Soils
Summary and Questions





- Subsidiary of Lafarge (since 1986)
- Works with Cementos Argos to continue supplying alternative fuel for two cement plants that were purchased from Lafarge in 2011 - Harleyville, SC and Calera, AL
- Works with Eagle Materials Inc. which purchased the Tulsa, OK and Sugar Creek, MO facilities from Lafarge in 2012.

 Image: SA had over \$19 billion in sales in 2011 and is:

 a global Fortune 500 company

 the world's largest cement and construction materials manufacturer

 a world-wide user of waste by-products

 on most recent list of: "Global 100 Most Sustainable Corporations in the World"

 Image: SA had over \$19 billion in sales in 2011
 Cementos Argos

 has facilities in Columbia, the U.S. and the Caribbean

 had \$2.0 billion in sales in 2011

 Eagle Materials, Inc.

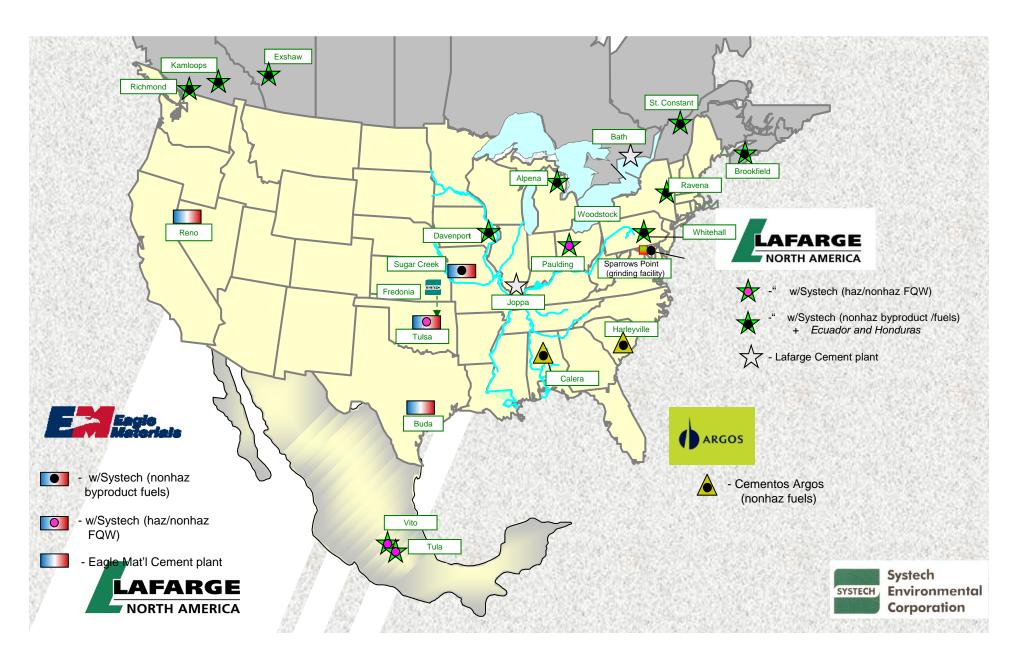
 has six cement plants, all based in the United States (also has other construction materials divisions)

 had revenue of \$495 million in 2012.



#### **Systech's Coverage Area**

and other cement partner locations



#### **Cement Manufacturing Process**



#### Cement vs Concrete – There is a difference!



Cement

#### , Concrete

#### Water + Rocks + Sand



#### **Cement Manufacturing Process**

# Step 1. Create a raw mixStep 2. Burn the raw mix in a kiln to produce "clinker"

Step 3. Pulverize the clinker to make the powder known as cement



#### Step 1. Creating a raw mix

- Raw materials are combined in exact proportions to create a chemically correct raw mix
  - Silica (sand, clay, shale)
  - Alumina (clay, shale, low grade bauxite)
  - Iron (mill scale, smelter slag)
  - Lime (limestone)
- Raw mix is pulverized in a mill



#### Step 2. Burning the raw mix in a kiln

- Raw mix is burned in a kiln
- Material temperatures >1450 ° C
- End product is cooled to form pellet size material "Clinker"
- Alternate fuels are introduced here





#### Step 3. Pulverizing the Clinker

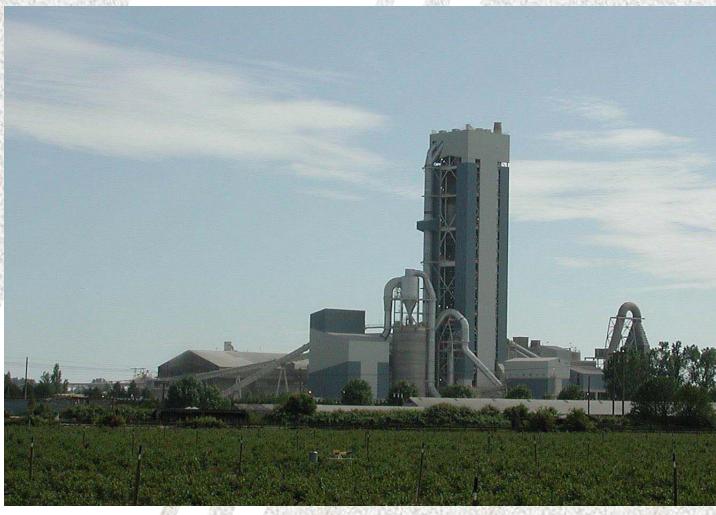
• Clinker is combined with a small percentage of gypsum and ground in a mill to produce the powder know as cement







## Richmond Cement Kiln

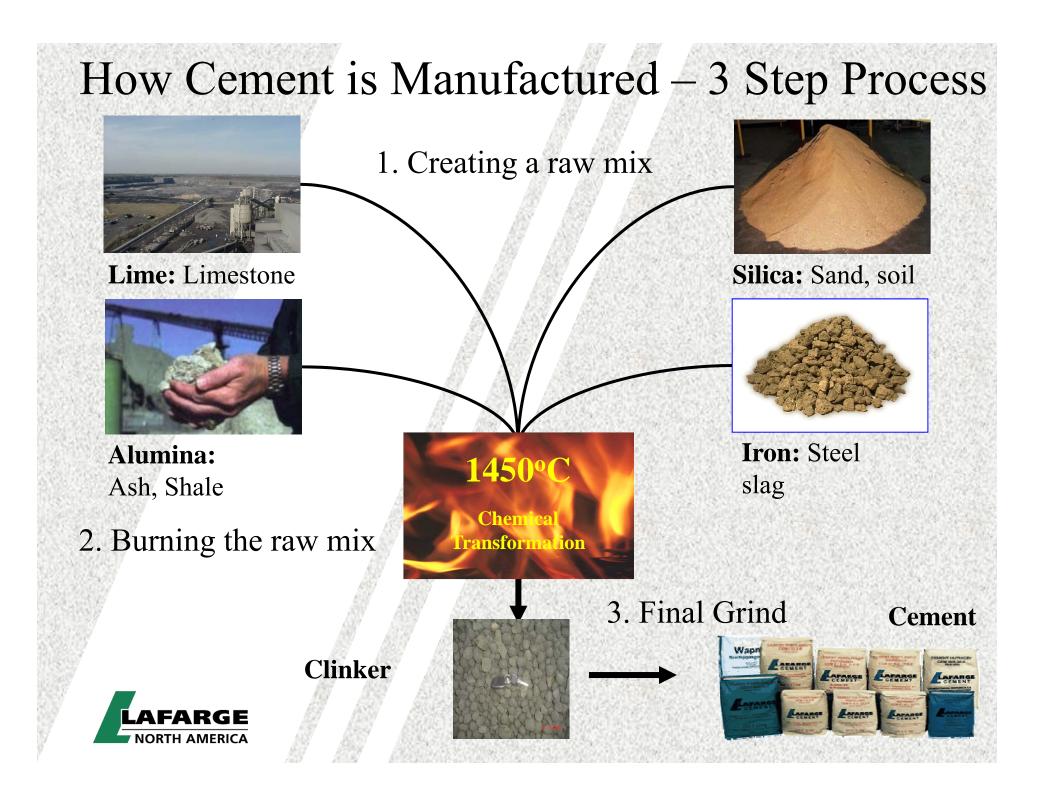




#### Richmond Cement Kiln







#### Lafarge's Beneficial Resource Recovery Program



### Resource Recovery Opportunities at Cement Plants

- 1) Replacement of conventional raw materials with byproduct streams originating primarily from industrial and commercial sources.
  - Replacement of conventional fuels with by-product streams originating from industrial, commercial, institutional and residential sources.



2)

#### Beneficial Recovery of Metal Contaminated Soil Materials

- Cement plants consume large quantities of conventional raw materials such as sand, shale and limestone.
- Industrial by-products can off-set usage of natural raw materials
- A large number of cement kilns around the world consume a wide variety of by-products containing silica, alumina, iron and/or lime.



## Contaminated Soil Utilization Criteria

- Non hazardous soils only
- Chemically compatibility
- Physical characteristics, handling and process introduction
- Environmental considerations and impact on emissions
- Health and safety factors
- Financial considerations



#### Typical Alternative Raw Materials

- Aluminum catalysts
- Fluid cracking catalysts
- Boiler ash
- Silica Desiccant
- Metal impacted soils

- Spent abrasives
- Spent foundry sands
- Flyash
- Lime Sludge
- Alumina Sludges



## Lafarge Cement Kiln Beneficial Recovery

- Lafarge cement kilns can provide complete and safe destruction for a variety of byproducts including contaminated soil while recovering their inherent value.
- Beneficial recovery is aligned with the concept
  of sustainable development through the
  replacement of fossil fuels and conventional
  materials with byproducts.
- Proven use of byproducts at many of Lafarge's plants worldwide.



## Cement Kiln Beneficial Recovery Differs from Incineration

- Conventional raw materials are replaced by the by-products
- Conventional fuels are replaced by the byproducts for energy use
- > No residual materials to landfill NO ASH
  - > Ash is incorporated into final product

