
Diffusive-Based Aerobic Bioremediation of Petroleum Hydrocarbon Plumes in High Temperature, Saline Groundwater

BEN GALBRAITH, RICK MCGREGOR, MANSOR KASHIR,
JIM BARKER & ORFAN SHOUAKER-STASH

2015 REMEDIATION TECHNOLOGIES SYMPOSIUM
BANFF, ALBERTA



Agenda

Site Backgrounds

- Groundwater Salinity
- Groundwater Temperature

Pilot-Scale Designs

Results – Site A

Results – Site B

Sequential Remediation Approach

Questions?



Background

2 Sites (Site A, Site B)

Two bulk plants, refined petroleum hydrocarbon

- BTEX, MTBE, PAHs

Shallow groundwater

- ~ 5 and 2 mbgs

Groundwater velocity

- ~ 25 and 7 m/year

Carbonate buffered

- pH 6.7 to 7.1

Anoxic Groundwater (~0.2 to 0.7 mg/L O₂)

- Sulphate reducing

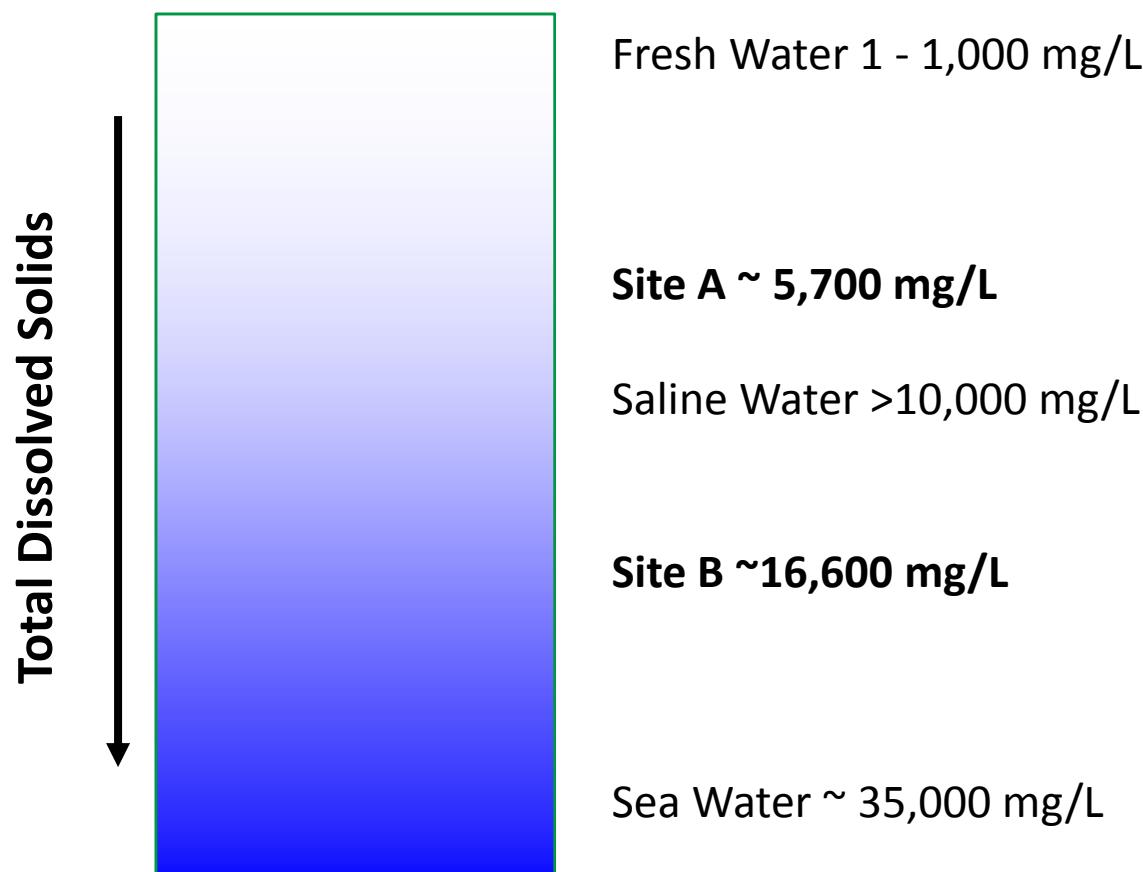
Diverse bacteria populations

- SRB, IRB, HAB

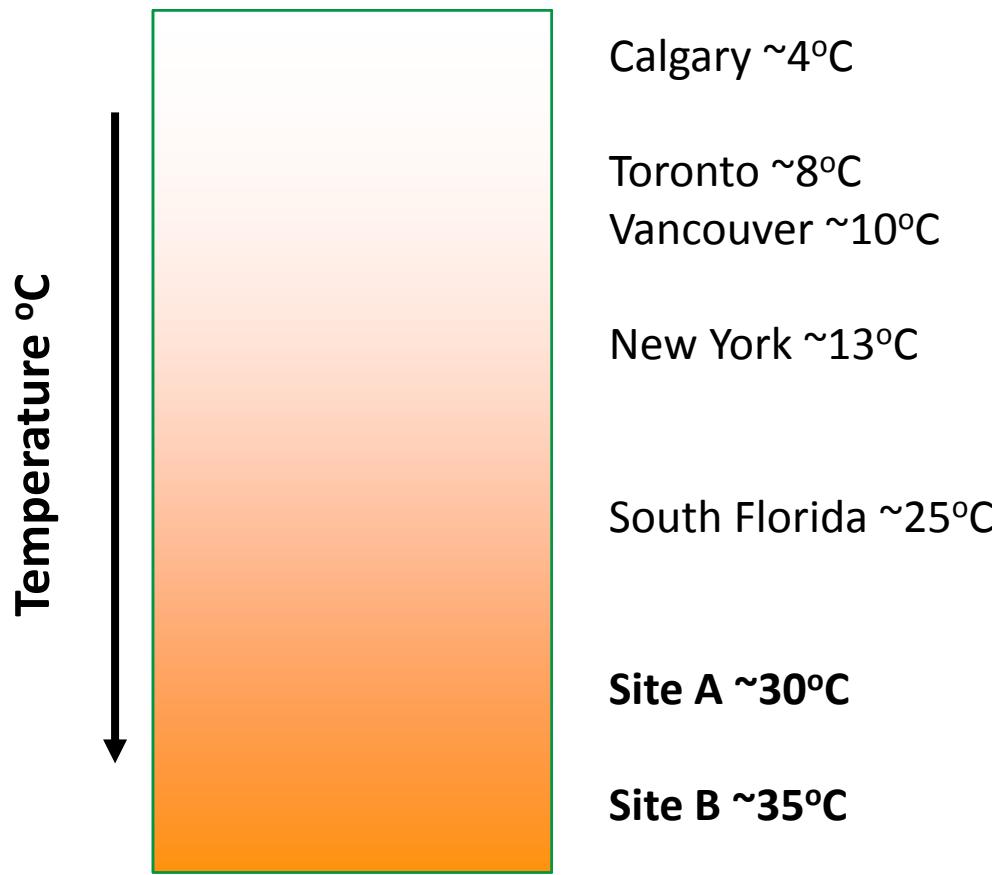
Site conditions – Large NAPL plumes, small dissolve plumes – why?

- Temperature?

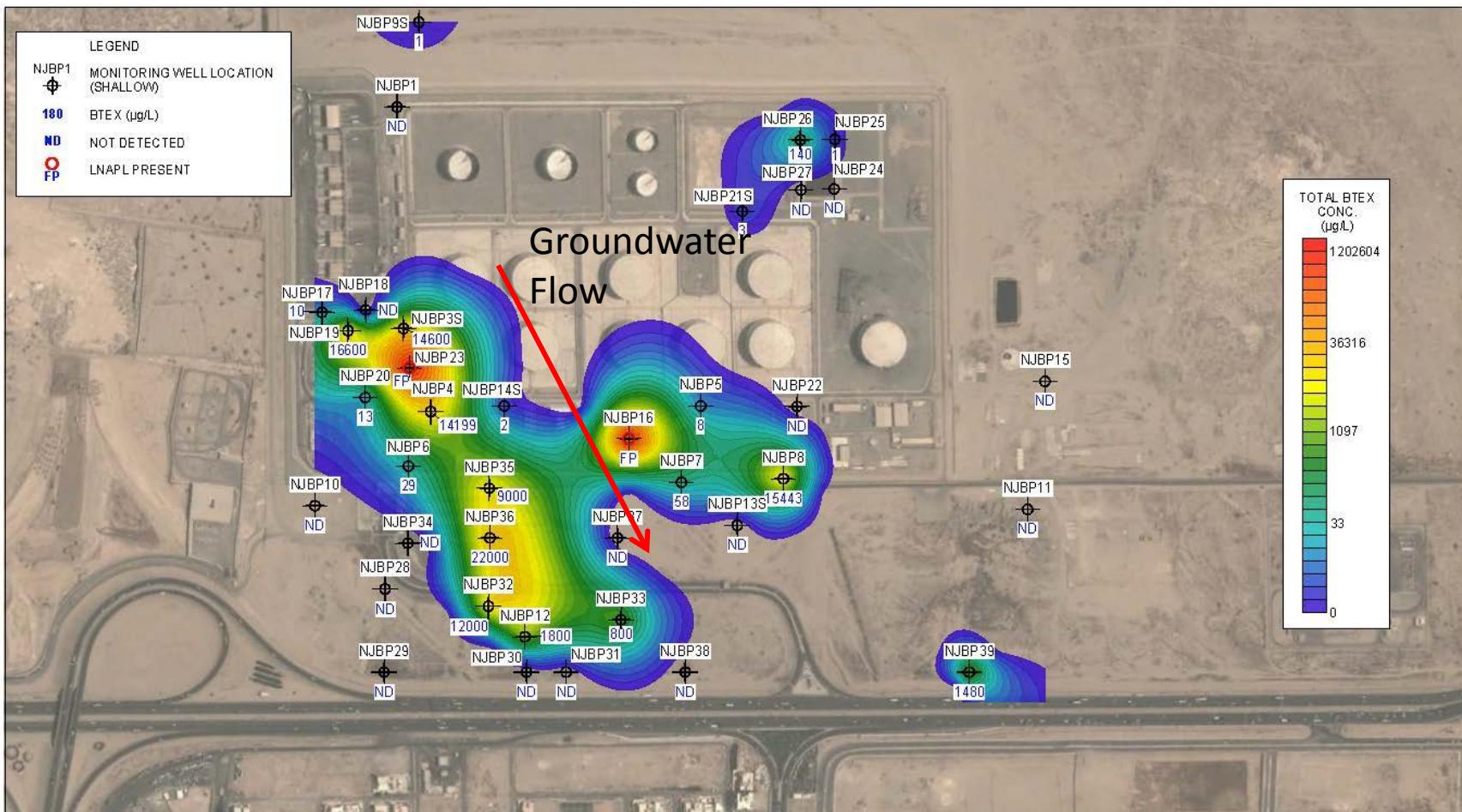
Background



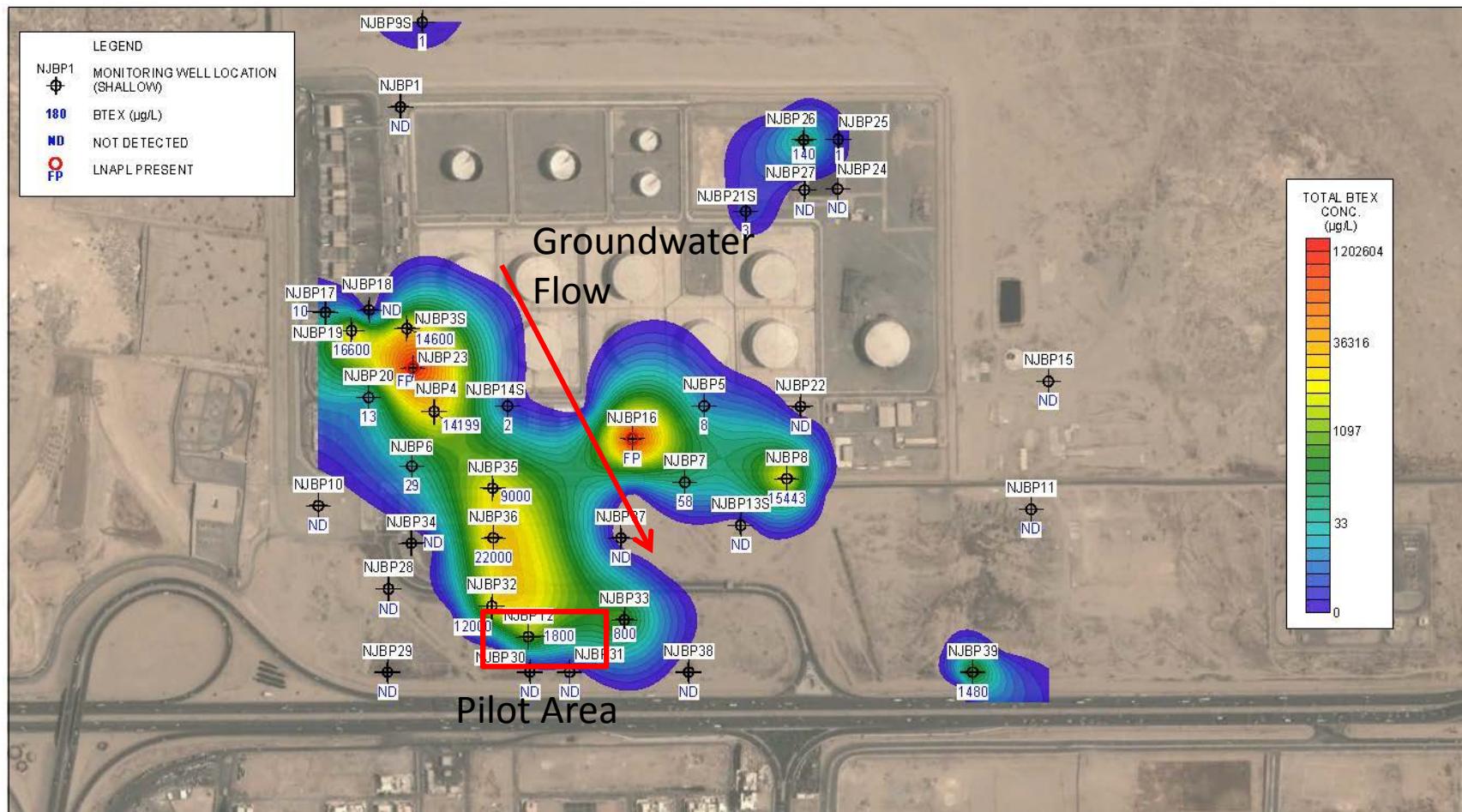
Background



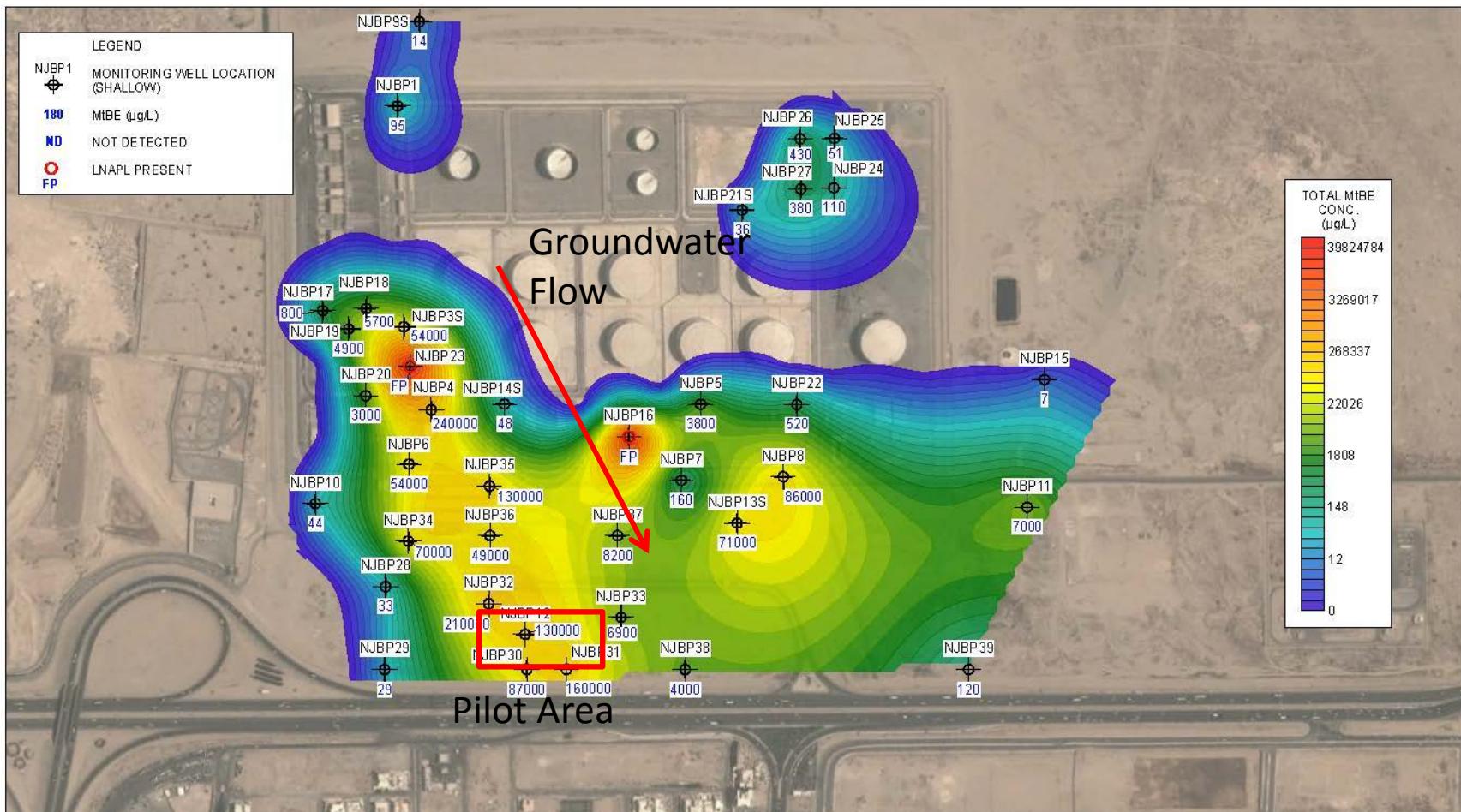
Site A - BTEX Plume



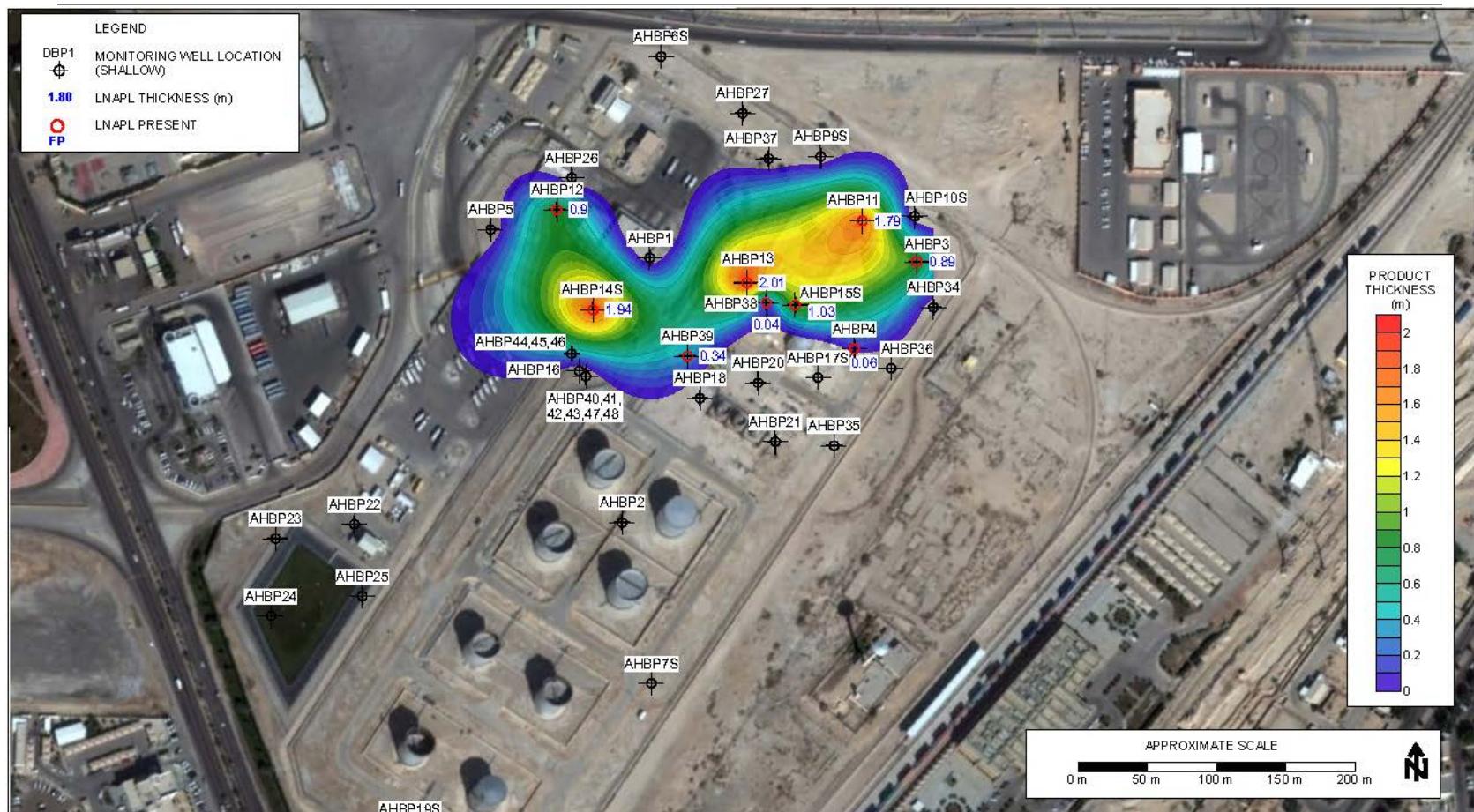
Site A - Pilot Area



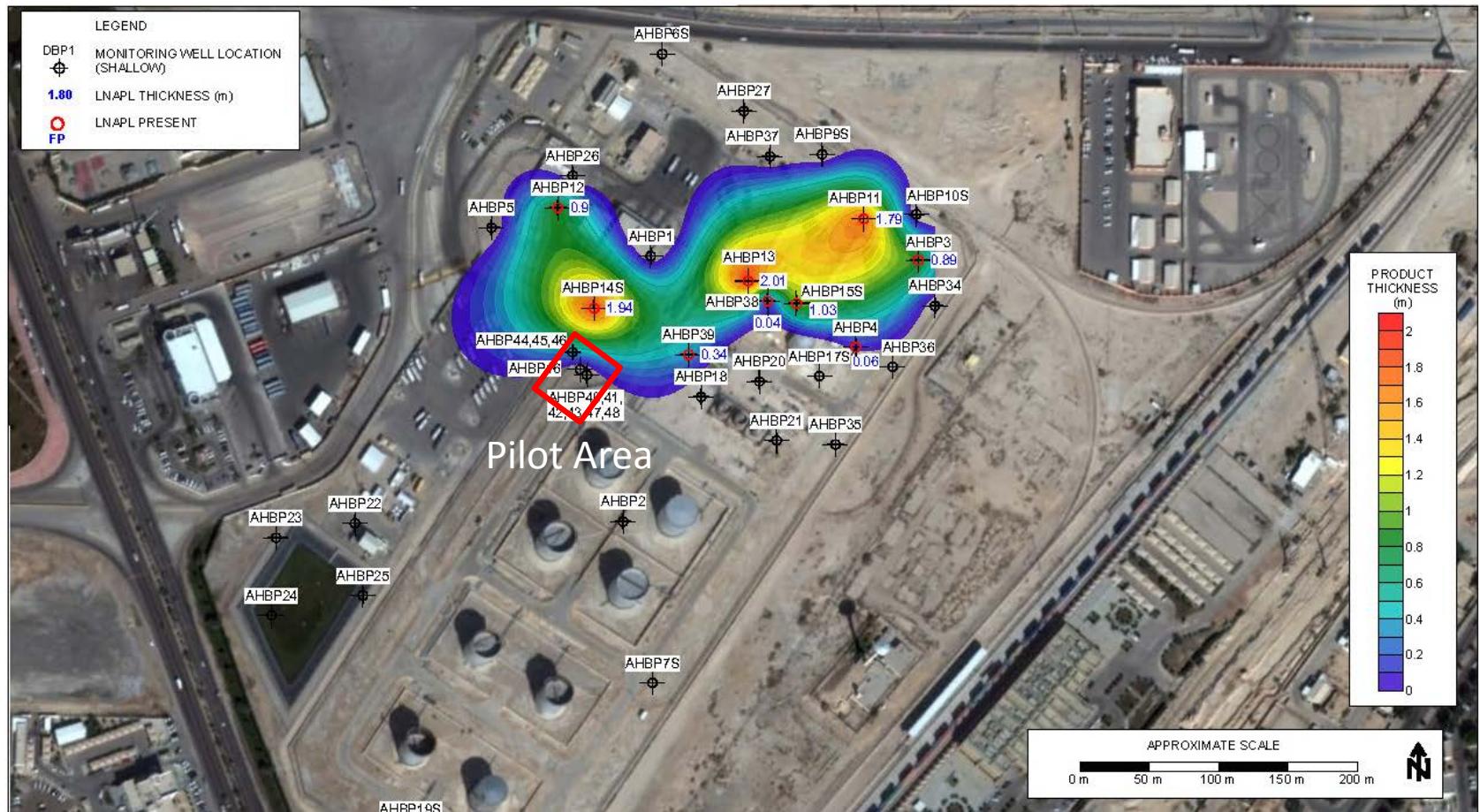
Site A - MTBE Plume



Site B – LNAPL Plume



Site B – Pilot Area



Pilot Scale

High dissolve concentrations

- BTEX – 8 mg/L and 11 mg/L
- MTBE – 0.2 mg/L and 120 mg/L

Sequential Treatment Approach

- Bioremediation - Diffusive device
 - Waterloo Emitters
- Chemox – percarbonate vs persulphate
 - Kashir & McGregor, 2014
- Sulphate reducing zone



Pilot Scale - Design

Will bio/chemox be effectiveness in warm/saline environment?

Oxygen solubility decrease with temp increase.

Studies/Project completed @ <10 to 20°C

Corseuil & Weber Jr (1994)

- BTEX Degradation rates triple for every 10°C increase.

Numerical modeling suggests degradation of 35x to 85x those published for low temperature sites.

Oxygen scavengers (Br, Cl, CO₃) in saline groundwater consume oxidant?

Saeed M.Sc. Thesis and laboratory work suggests chemox could be effective.

Pilot Scale - Design

Addition of oxygen diffusing devices

- Waterloo Emitters

Permeable reactive “barrier”

No vertical limitation (stackable)

O₂, H₂, Tracers (SF₆)

Fick's Law

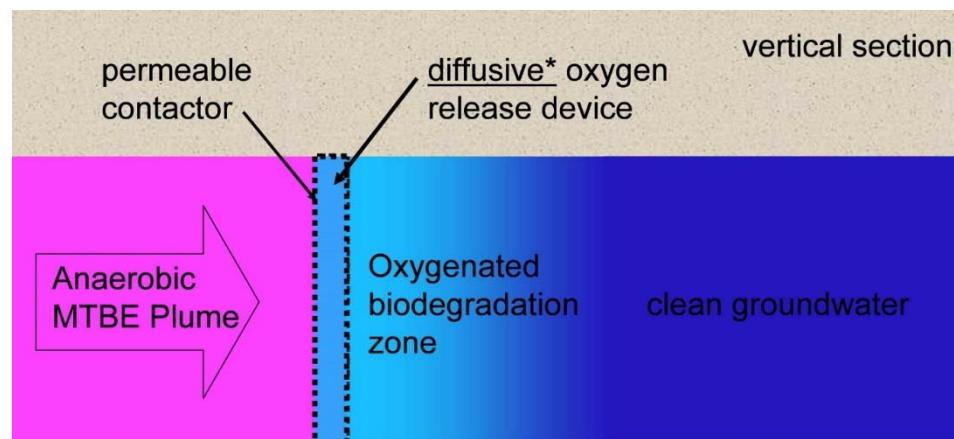


Pilot Scale - Design

Typical Southern Ontario Results (7-10°C GW)

- Anaerobic influent – common of PHC plumes
- Supersaturated DO within emitter wells
- Saturated DO down gradient wells

Is the measurement of DO concentrations down gradient of the emitters a good measure of success?



Source: Wilson

Pilot Scale - Design

Perpendicular to groundwater flow

- ~ 1 to 1.5 m spacing

Tubing Selection

- LDPE – ~0.2 to 0.6 L/day/emitter
- Silicone – ~1.7 to 7.3 L/day/emitter

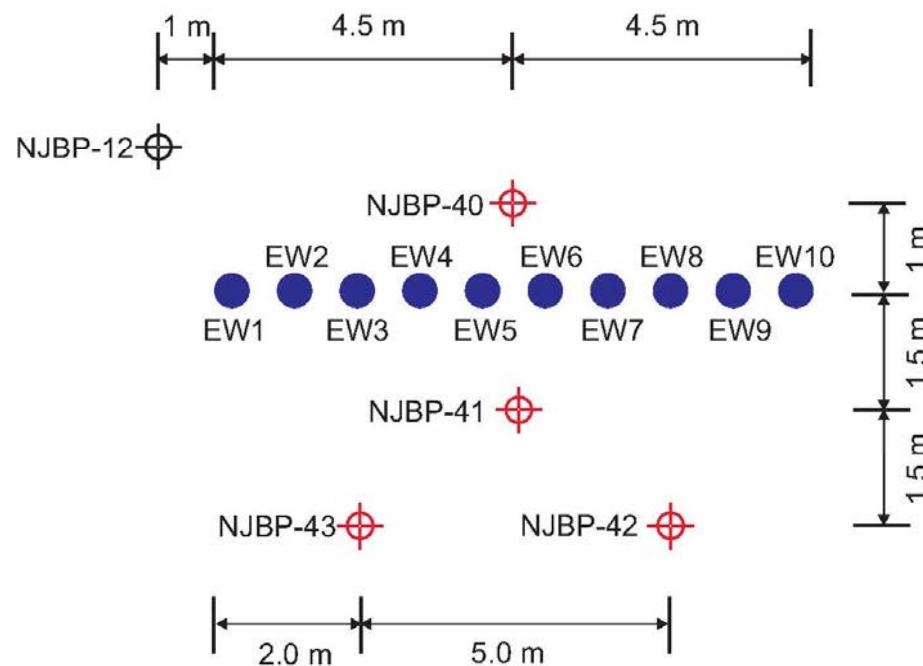
Operating pressure

- LDPE - ~60 to 100 psi
- Silicone - ~10 to 20 psi



Source: Wilson

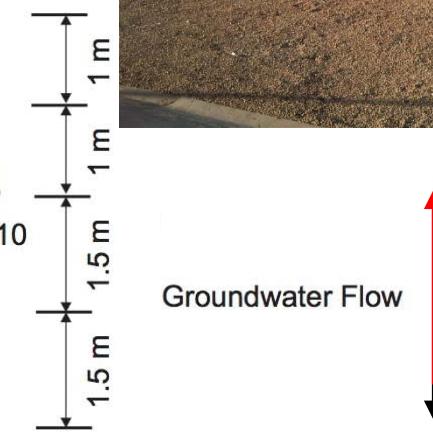
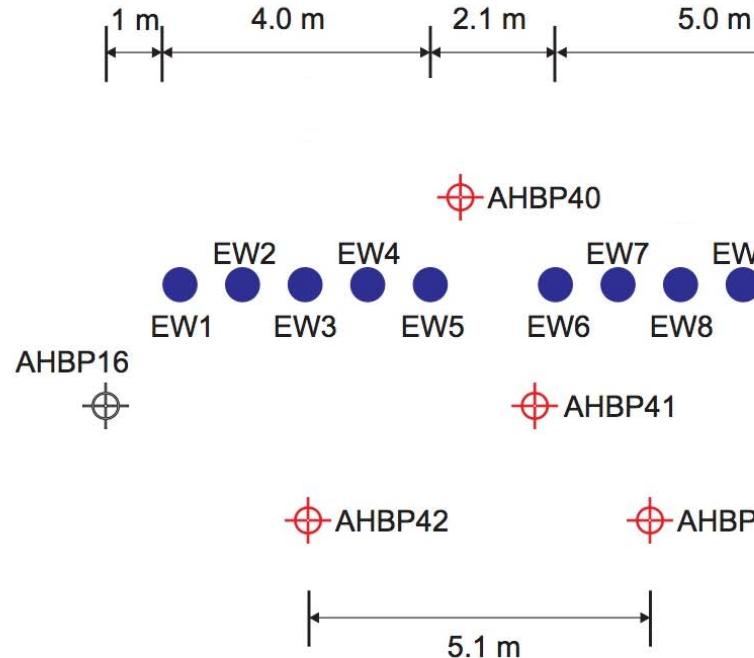
Pilot Scale Design - Site A

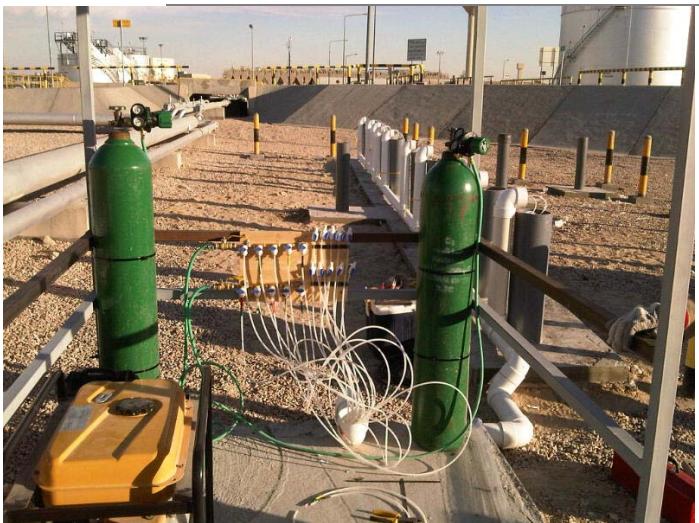


Groundwater Flow

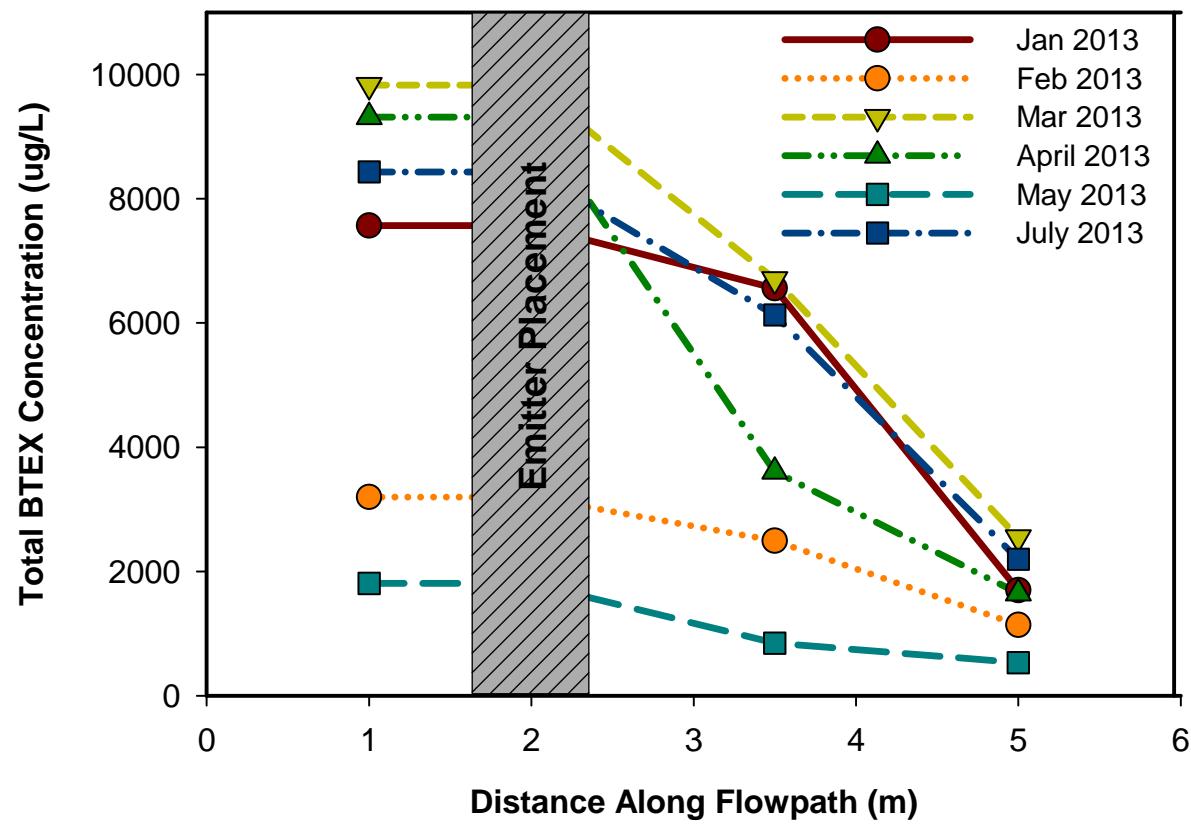


Pilot Scale Design - Site B

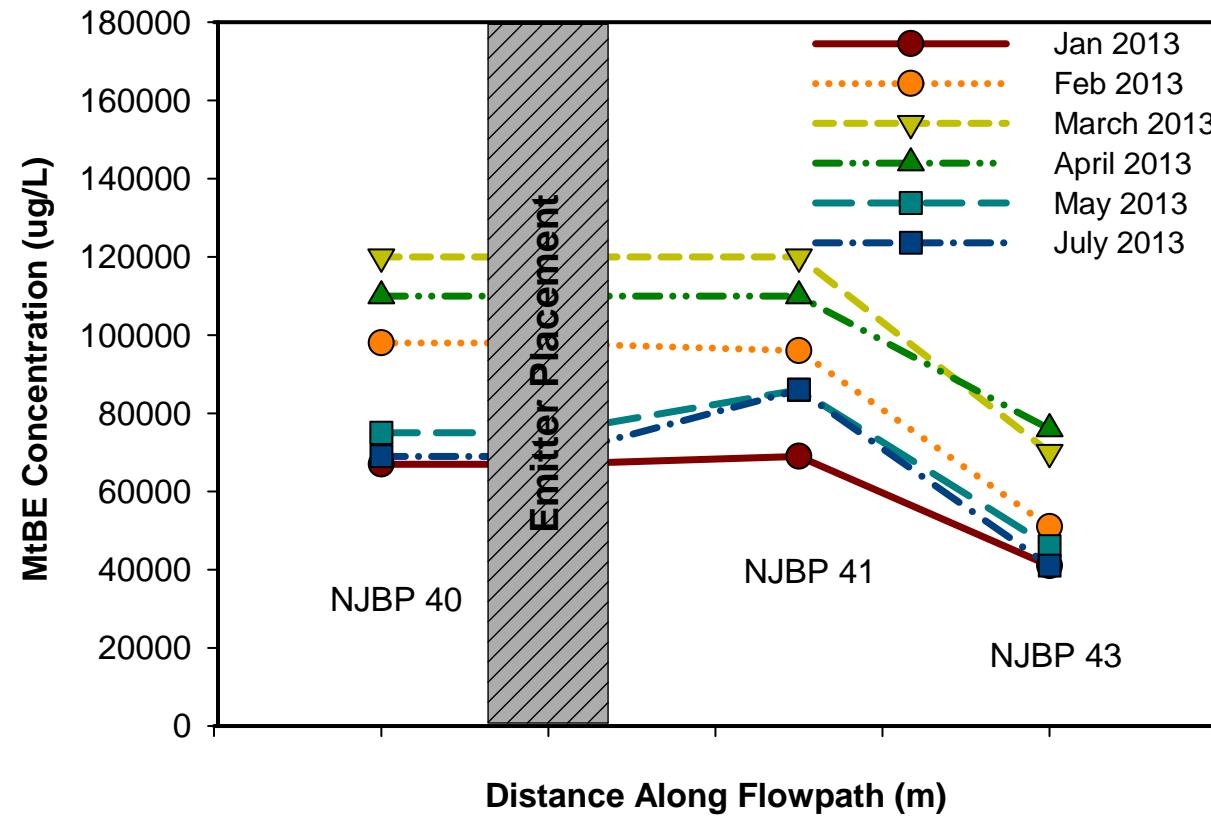




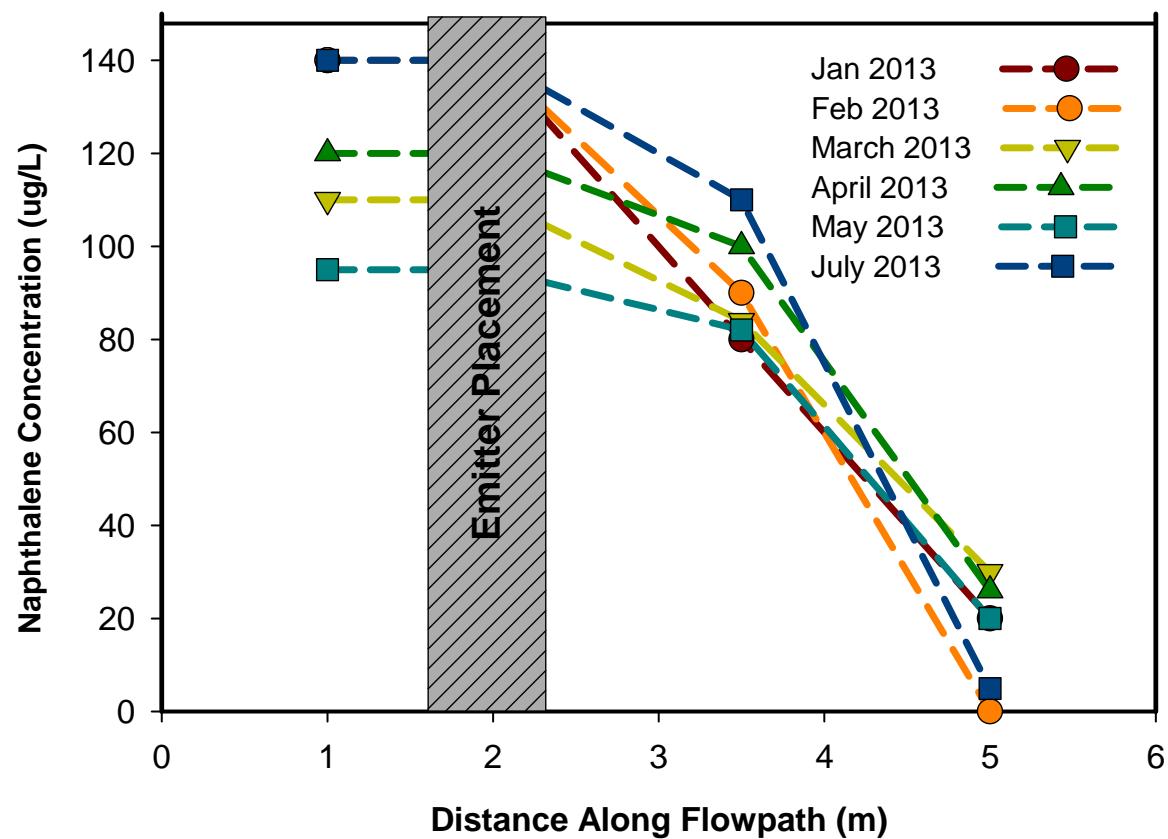
Site A - BTEX



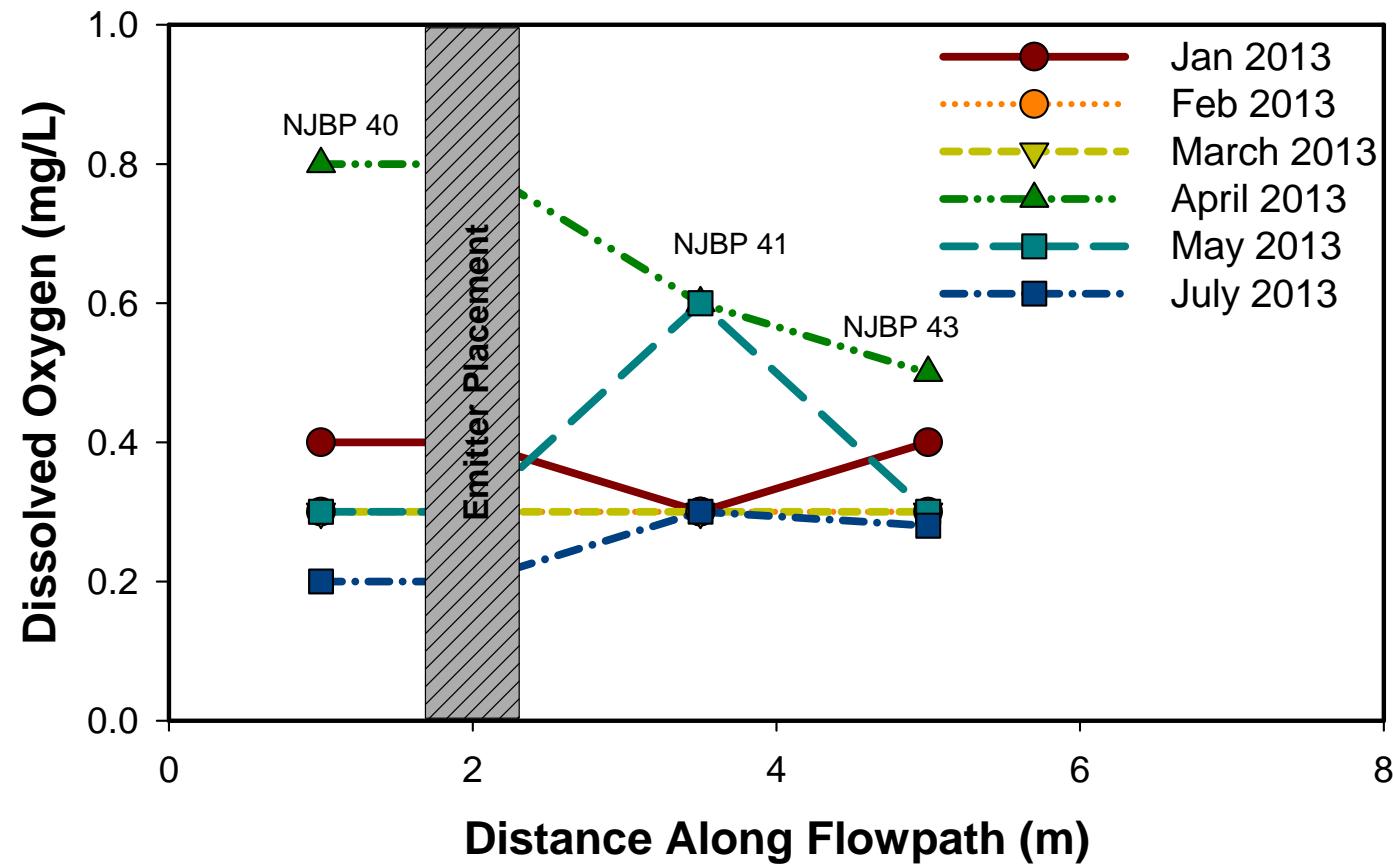
Site A - MTBE



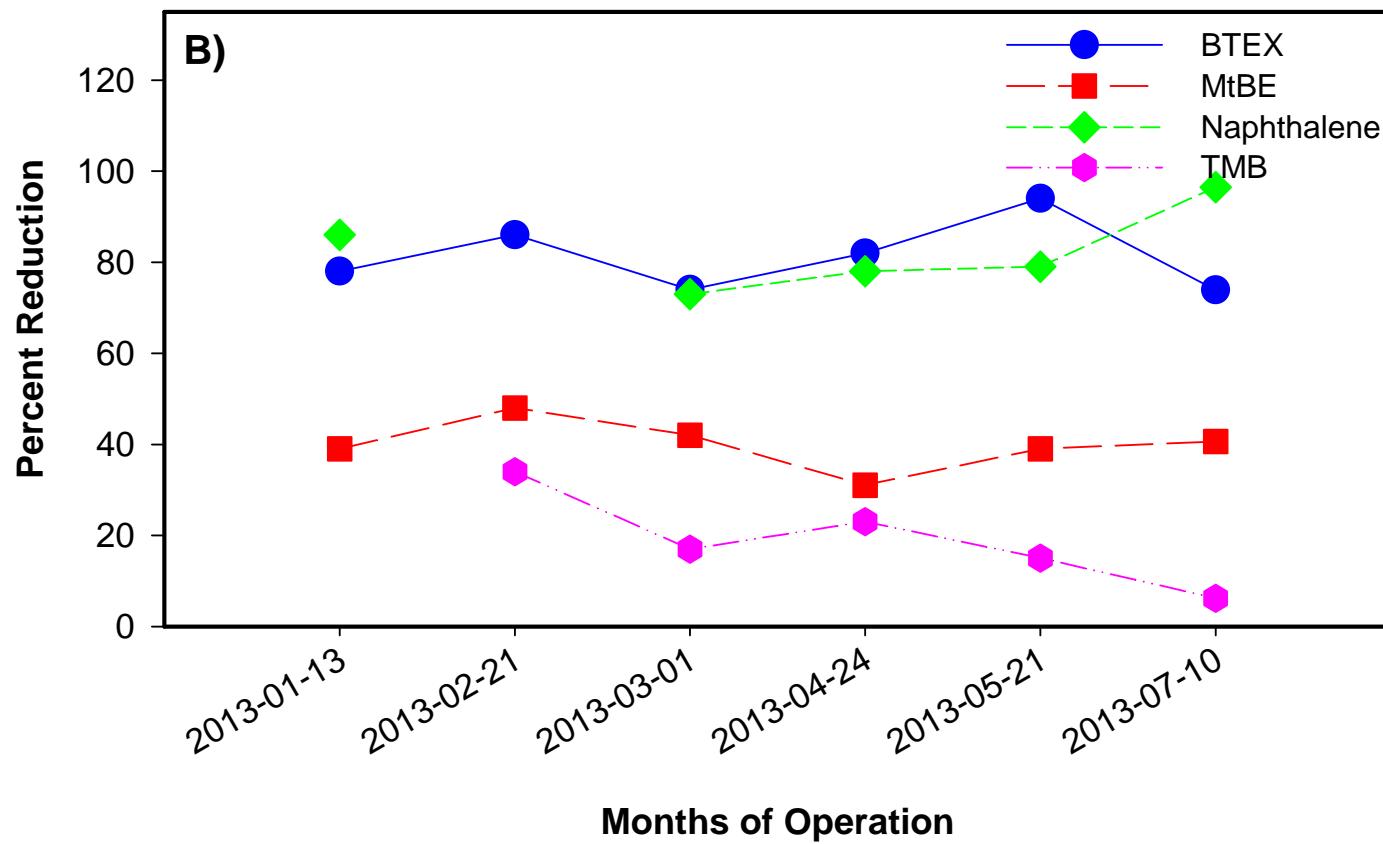
Site A - Naphthalene



Site A – DO



Site A - % Reduction w/ Time



Site A

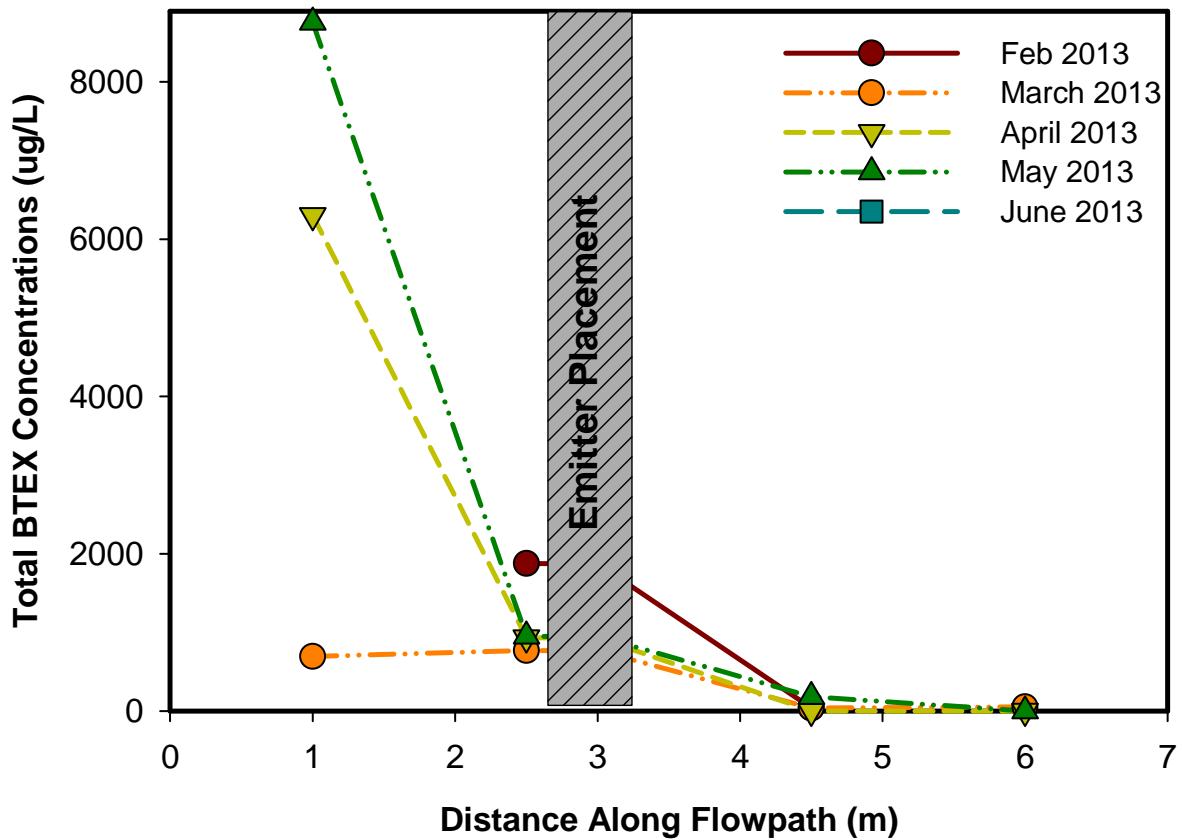
Percent Reduction (%)

Month	BTEX	MtBE	Naphthalene	TMB
2	78	39	86	34
4	82	31	78	23
7	74	41	97	6
Mean	81	40	85	33

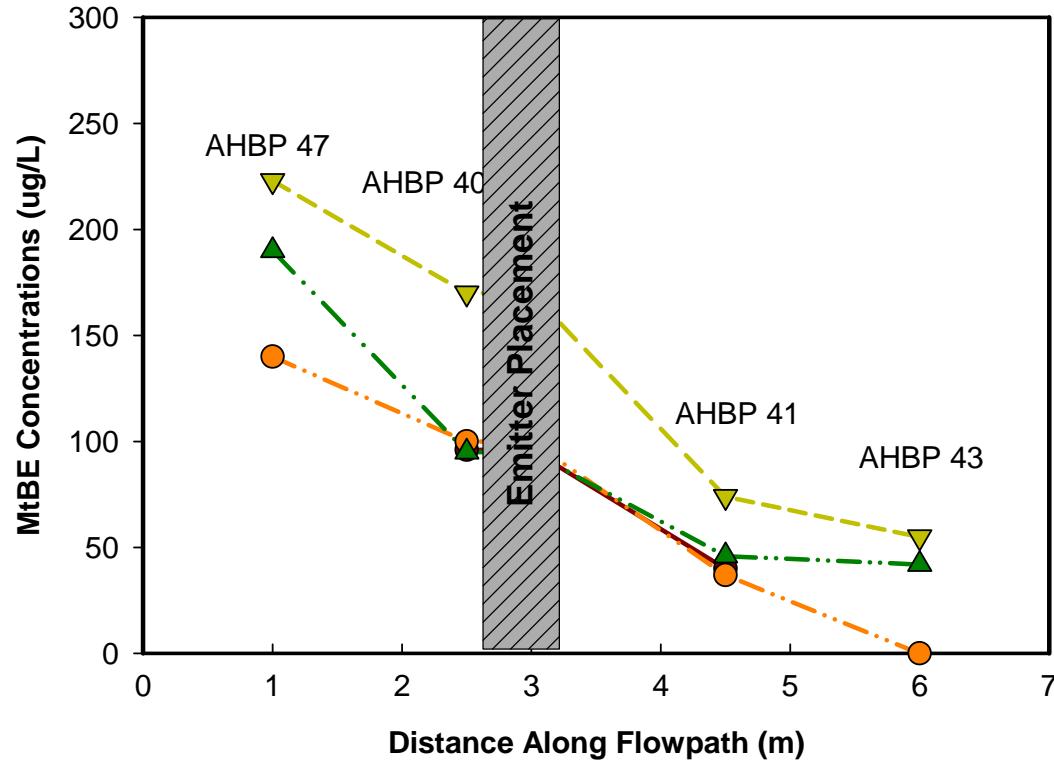
Mass Flux (g/day)

Compound	Entering	1.5 m DG	3.0 m DG
MtBE	26	33	16
BTEX	2.90	0.32	0.84
TMB	0.66	0.43	0.33
Naphthalene	0.05	0.03	0.02

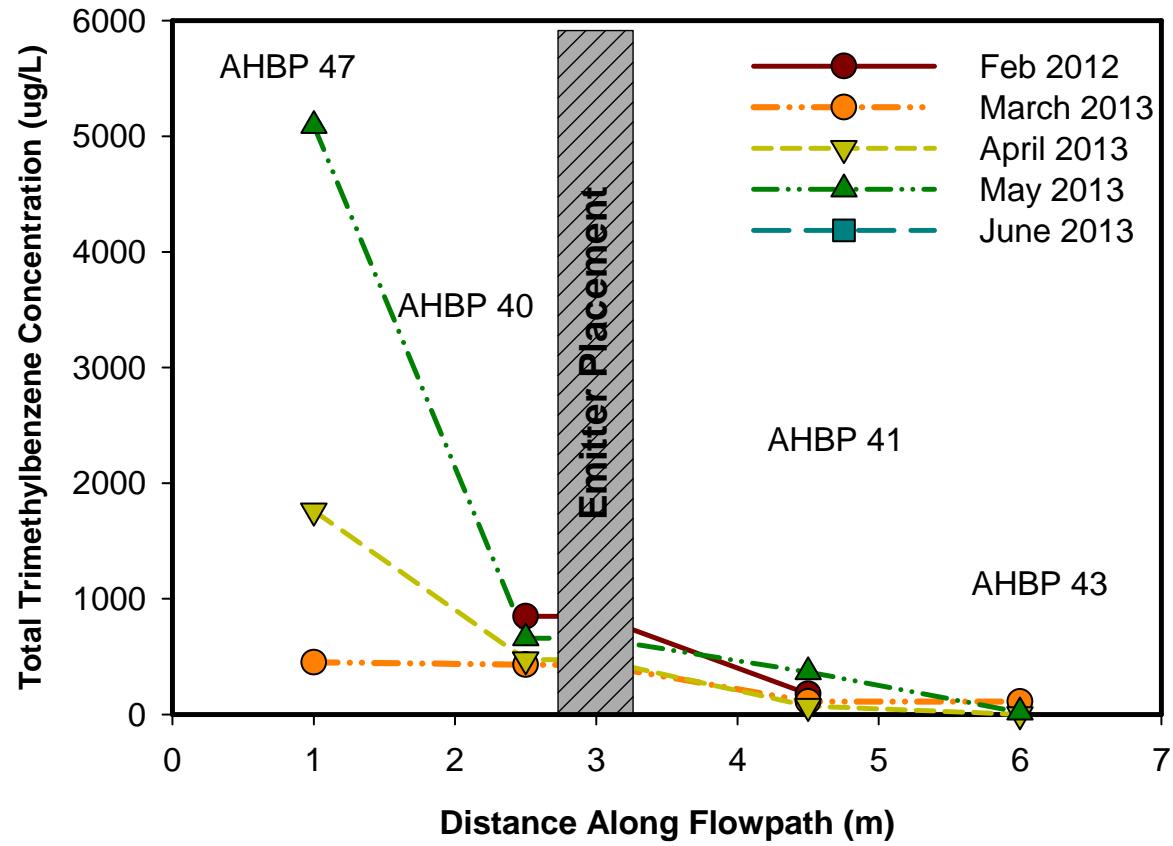
Site B - BTEX



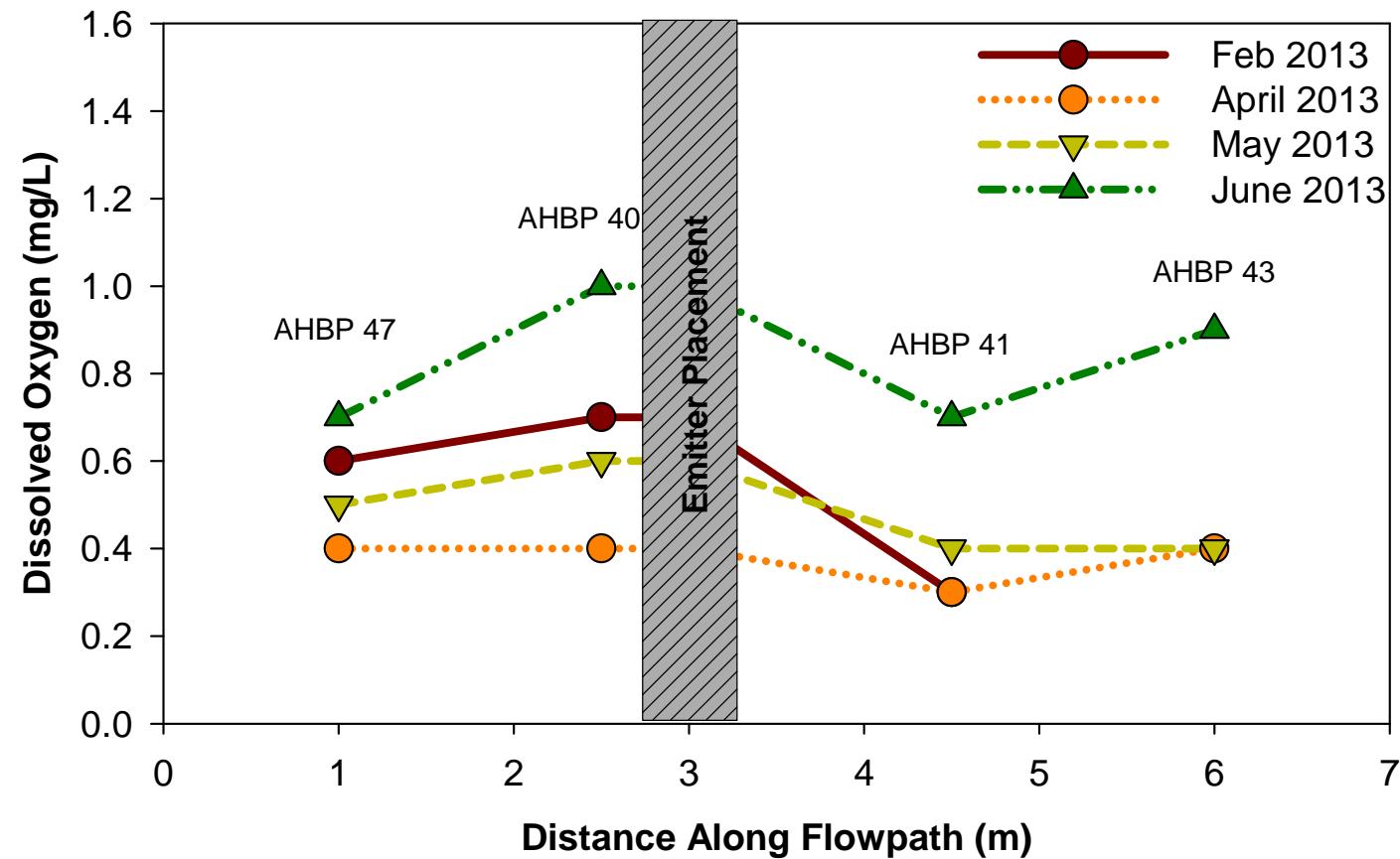
Site B - MTBE



Site B - TMB



Site B - DO



Site B

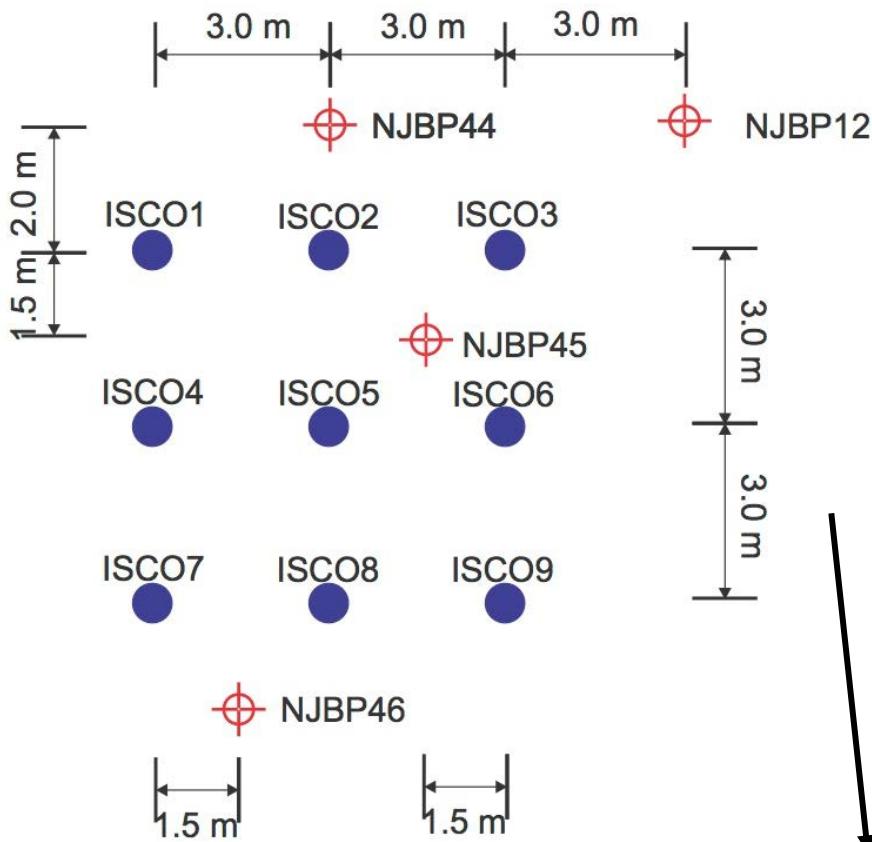
Percent Reduction (%)

Month	BTEX	MtBE	Naphthalene	TMB
2*	99	>99.9	70	-
4	93	>99.9	76	76
6	>99.9	78	93	99.6
Mean	98	84	90	92

Mass Flux (g/day)

Compound	Entering	1.5 m DG	3.0 m DG
MtBE	0.05	0.02	0.02
BTEX	2.50	0.07	0.0004
TMB	0.11	0.15	0.01
Naphthalene	0.06	0.05	0.01

Zone 2 – Chemical Oxidation



Groundwater Flow

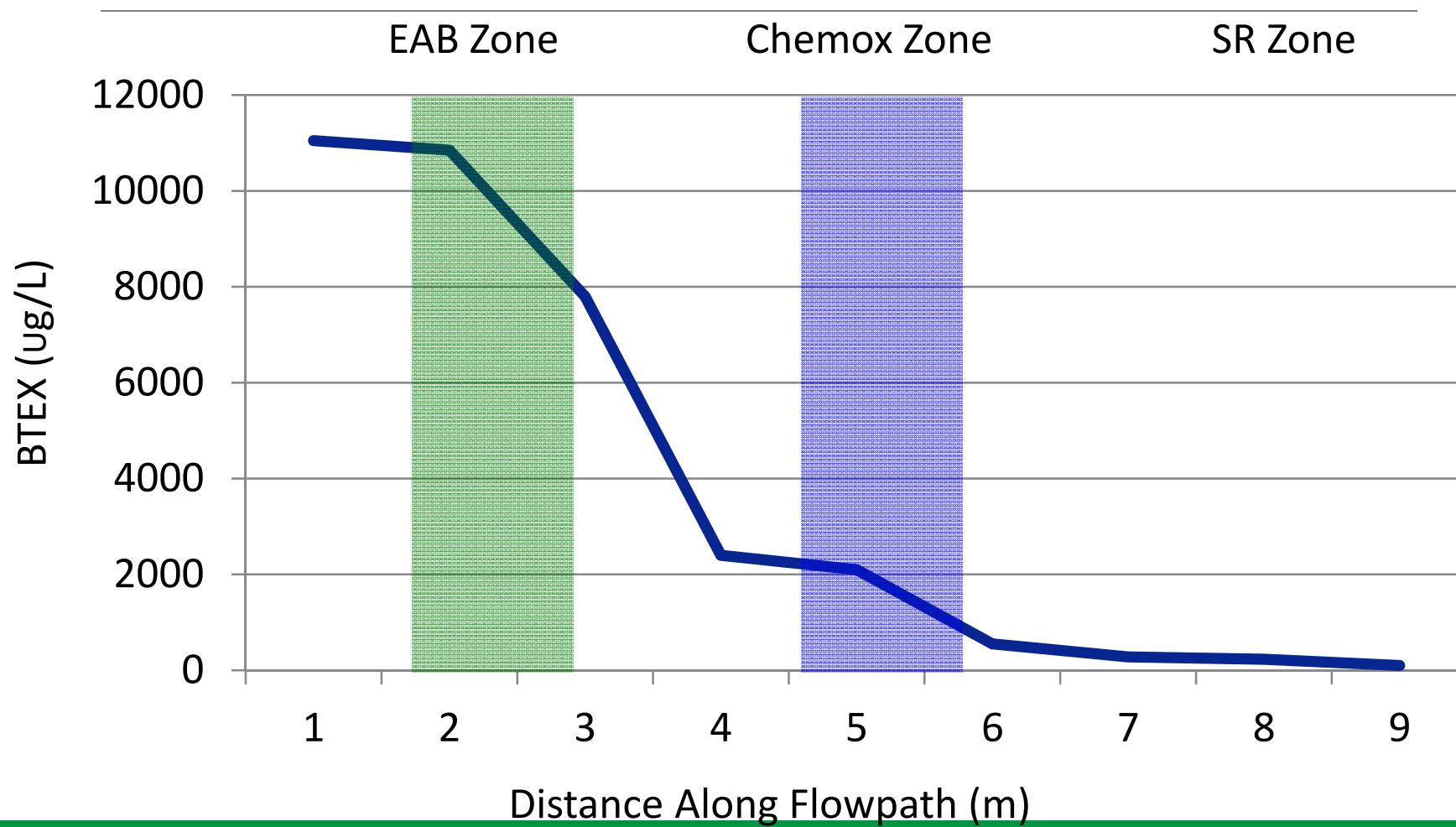
Pilot Scale - Design

Zone 2 – Chemical Oxidation

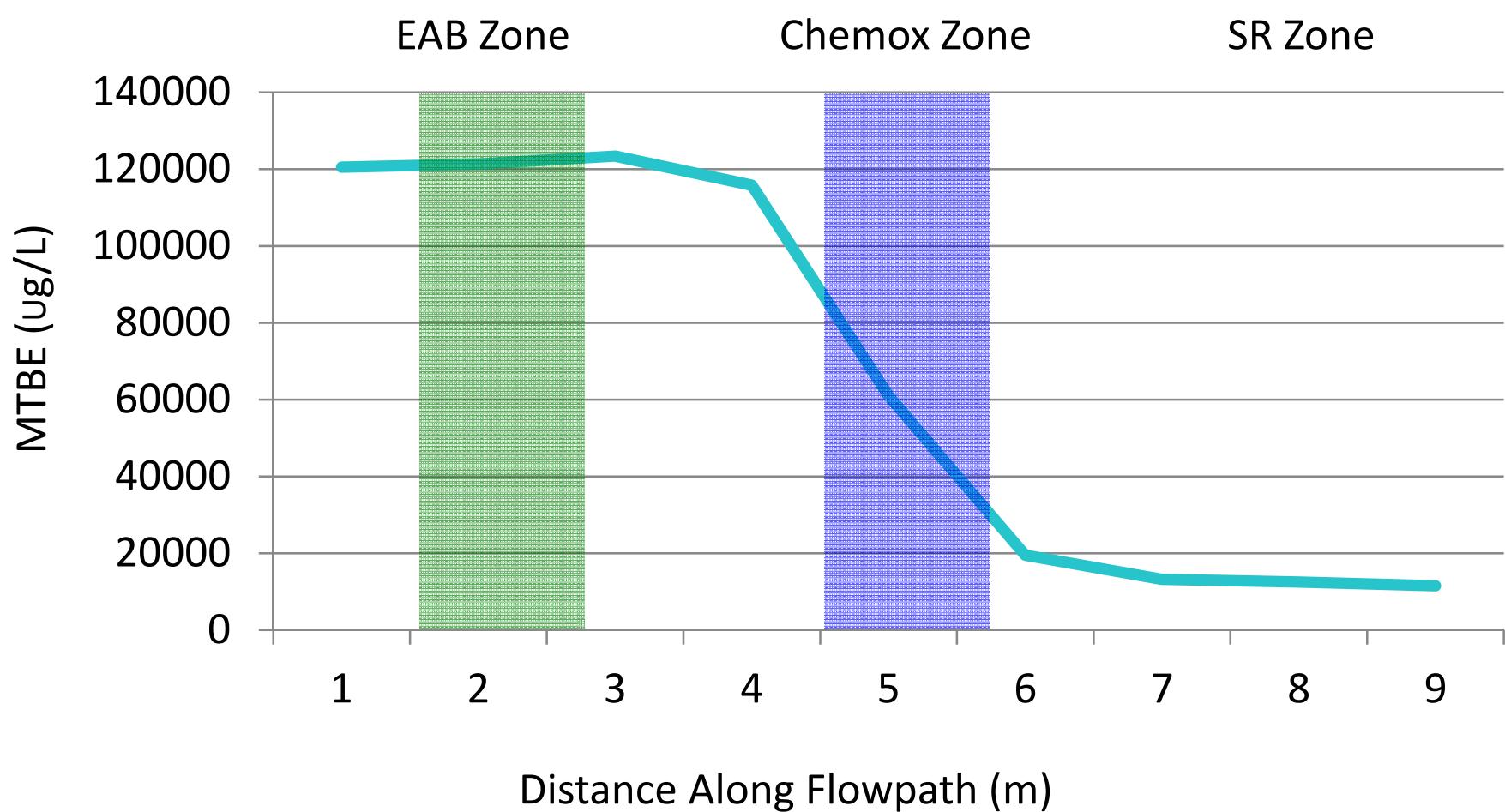
- Persulphate vs. Percarbonate – Bench scale
- Unactivated Persulphate @ 15 wt. %
- Injection through 50 mm wells at low pressure and flow



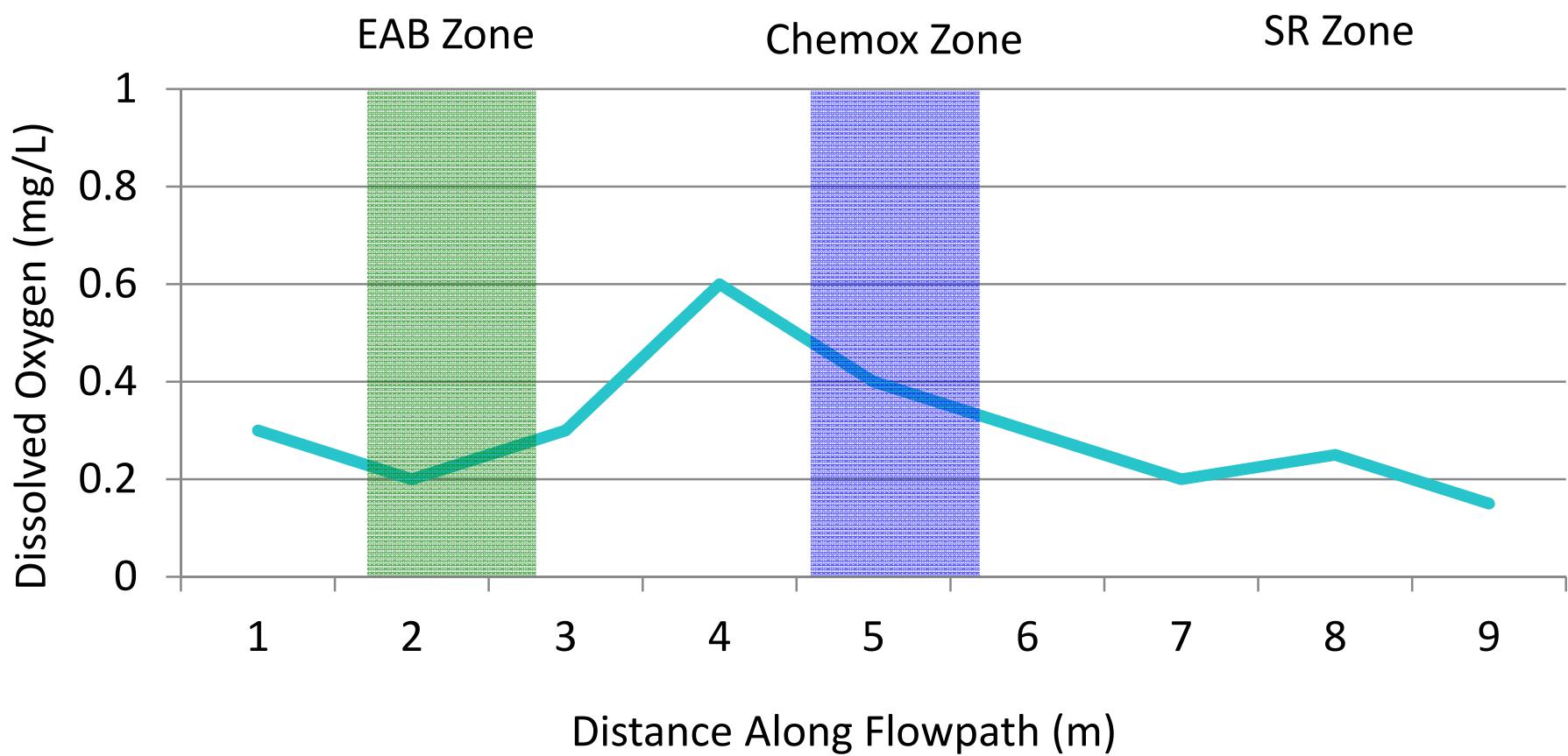
BTEX



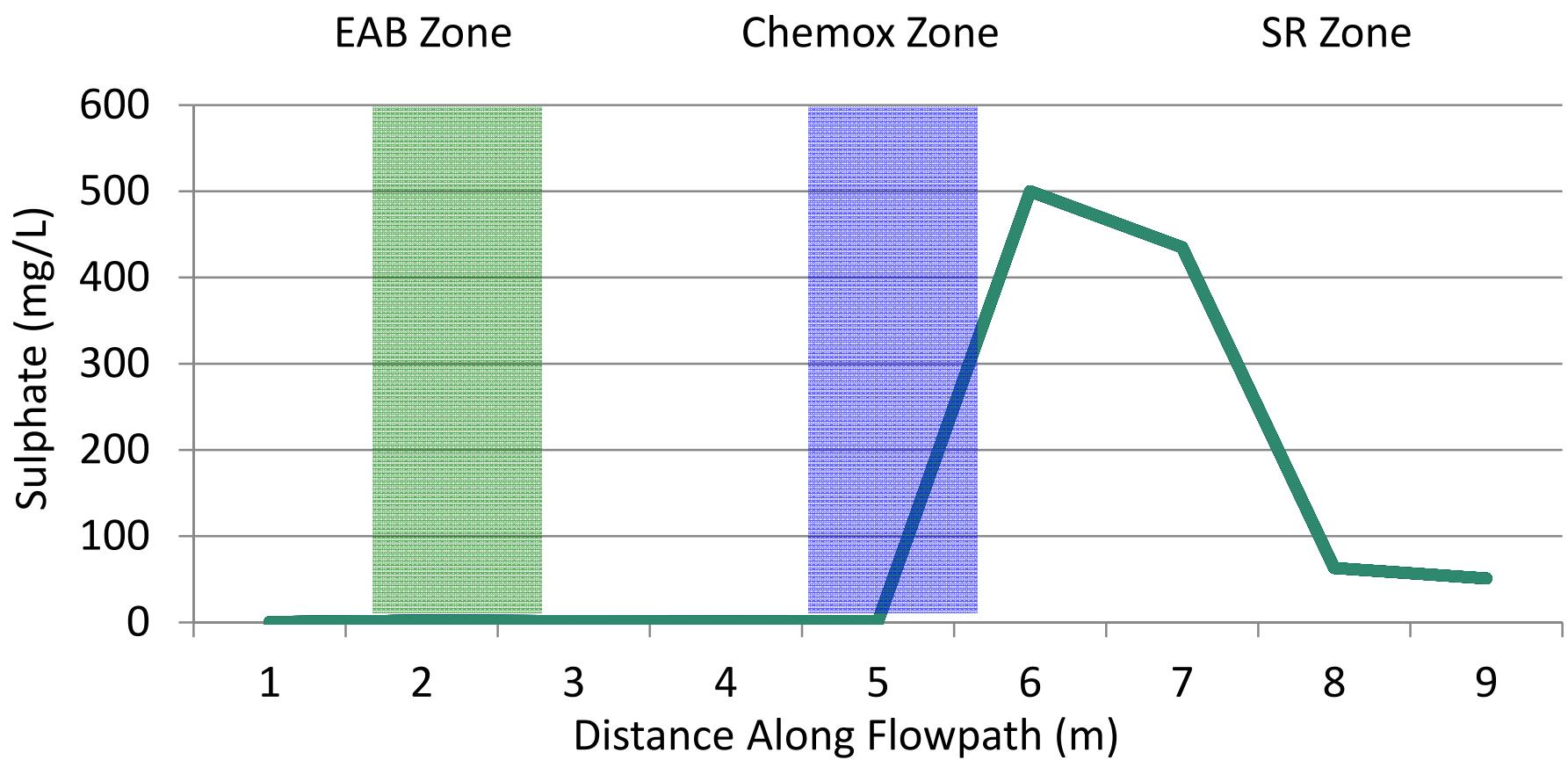
MTBE



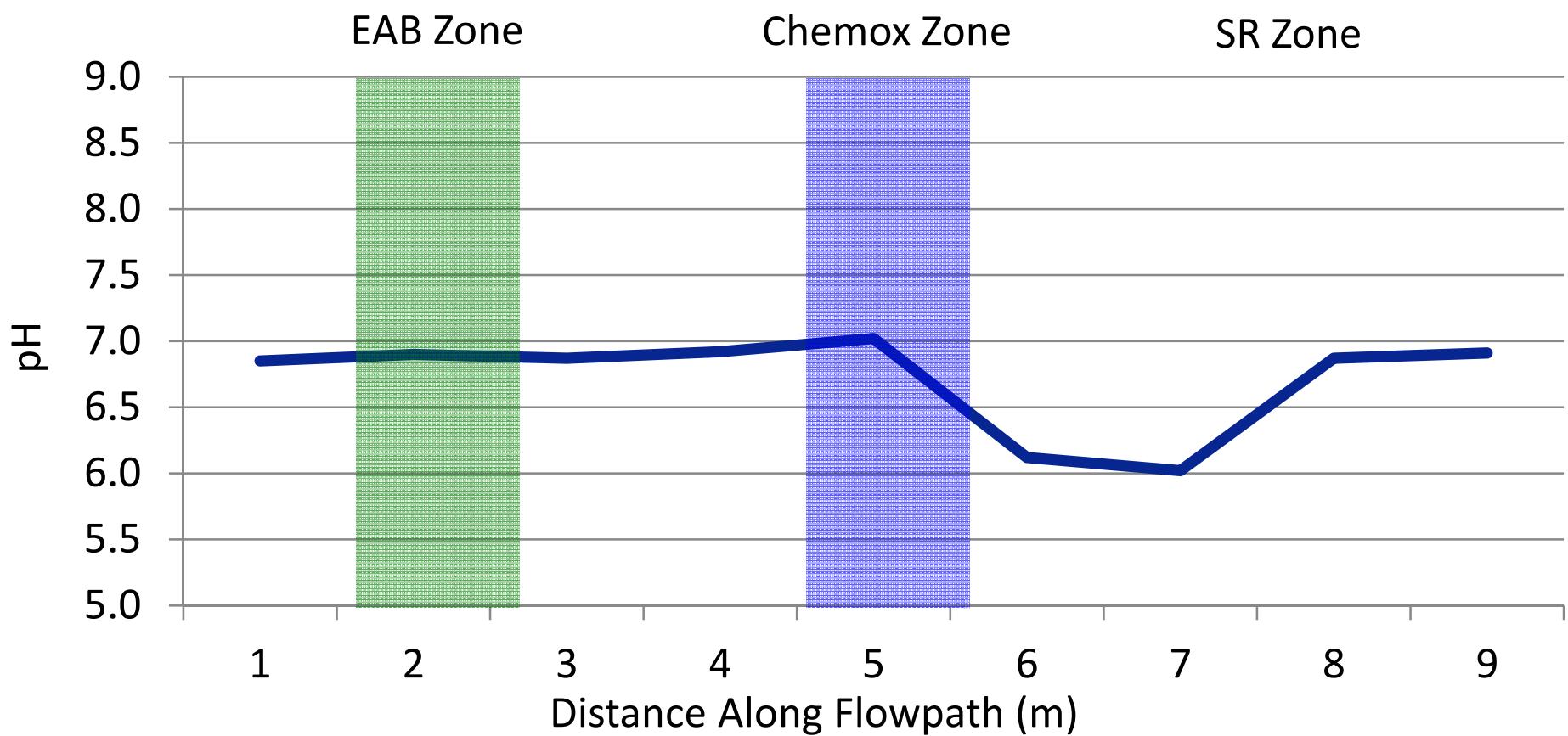
DO



Sulphate



pH



Removal

Percent Reduction (%)

Zone	BTEX	MtBE	Naphthalene	TMB
EAB	98	84	90	92
Chemox	98	99.9	>99	>86
ESR	78	28	-	-
Total	>99	98	>99	>99

Mass Flux (g/day)

Compound	Entering	POST EAB	POST Chemox
MtBE	0.05	0.02	<0.001
BTEX	2.50	0.0004	<0.0001
TMB	0.11	0.01	0.001
Naphthalene	0.06	0.01	0.001

Acknowledgements

Saudi Aramco

- Mansor Kashir, Phil Reed & Humoud Al Utaibi

Environmental Technology Center

- Mohamed Yousif & Gabriel Ooverio

University of Waterloo

- Jim Barker & Orfan Shouakar-Stash

IRSL

- Rick McGregor & Adria Kelleher

Questions?

Future/Ongoing Studies

Effects of Varying Tubing and Pressure

Isotopic and biological changes with time

Effects of thermal enhancement of Emitters/AS

- Ontario Site – Preliminary results indicate 3.5 to 33x higher biodegradation rates

Sequential Remediation Approach

