

PlumeStop[™]

securing rapid risk reduction and accelerated bioremediation using a dispersive injectable reagent





PlumeStop[™] Colloidal Biomatrix

- What it is and how it works
- Performance in the lab
- Performance in the field
- Usage





PlumeStop[™] – what it is

"A highly dispersive, injectable sorbent and microbial growth matrix"

- Colloidal activated carbon $(1 2 \mu m)$
 - Size of a bacterium suspends as 'liquid'
 - Huge surface area extremely fast sorption/concentration reductions
- Anti-clumping / distribution supporting surface treatment (patent applied for)
 - Enables wide-area distribution through the soil matrix
- Low-solubility / controlled availability matrix nutrients
 - Support in-matrix contaminant biodegradation
 - Does not impact groundwater







PlumeStop[™] Colloidal Biomatrix

- BioMatrix
 - Soil-surface network
 - Host to bacteria
 - Close contact with sorbed contaminant
 - Couples with Aerobic, Anaerobic, or MNA
- Contaminants Treated
 - Petroleum Hycrocarbons (TPH, BTEX, etc)
 - CVOCs including ethenes and ethanes
 - MTBE, pesticides, and more







PlumeStop[™] – how it works

- Wide subsurface dispersion
 - Simple application
 - Ability to address restricted access areas, deep plumes, etc.
- Sorbs contaminants rapidly
 - Rapid concentration reductions (multiple OOM days to weeks)
- Accelerates biodegradation
- Long-term efficacy





Critical Questions for the Technology

- Can it effectively distribute in situ?
- How effective is contaminant sorption?
- What happens to sorbed contaminants?
- How does it perform in the field?



PlumeStop[™] distribution

Plume Stop

repeat



Powdered Activated Carbon

long column vid



PlumeStop[™] distribution SEM image of sand particles without PlumeStop

Acc.V Spok Magn Det VD - 50.06 10.0 KV 3.0 500x GSE 10.0 3.7 Torr KT5-105I - SAND



PlumeStop[™] distribution SEM image of sand particle coated with PlumeStop

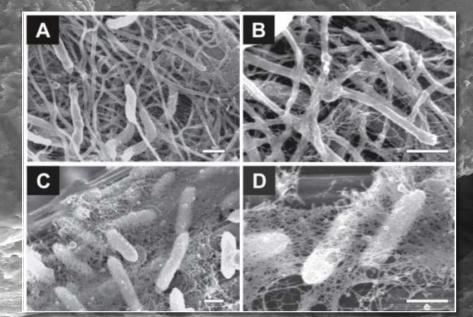
20 µm

PlumeStop

LLOIDAL BIOMATH

PlumeStop[™] distribution





Acc.V Spot Magn Det WD 20 μm 12.0 kV 8.0 1000x GSE 8.3 4.6 Torr KT5-105B



PlumeStop[™]: sorption capacity

Q: Does the treatment to secure distribution negatively affect sorption capacity?

Column Study

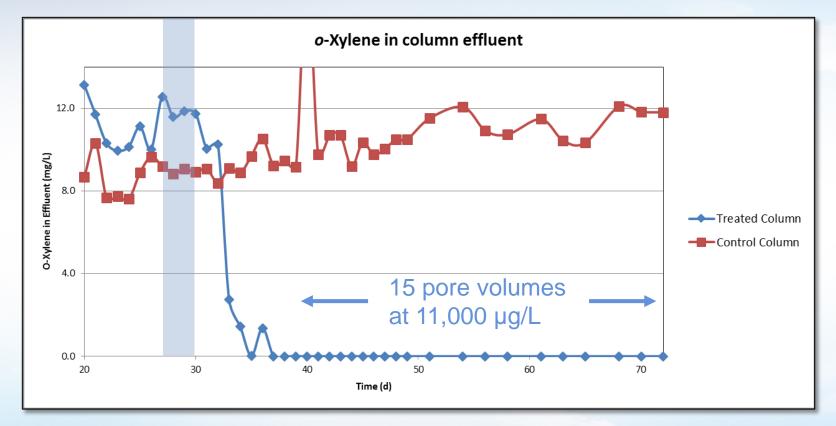
- 1. Feed ~10 mg/L *o*-xylene by blending water and saturated xylene in-line
- 2. Monitor both column effluents daily
- 3. Feed plume stop dose into "treated" column
- 4. Continue xylene feed on both
- 5. Continue daily monitoring





PlumeStop[™]: Sorption Capacity









Q: Does biodegradation proceed post-sorption?

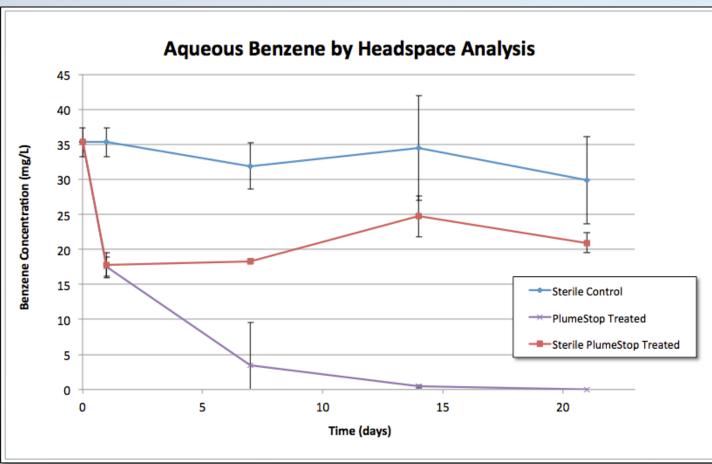
Benzene Degradation Batch-Equilibrium Study

- Soil-water slurry microcosms
 - Treatment 1: with PlumeStop (live)
 - Treatment 2: with PlumeStop (sterile)
 - Treatment 3: no PlumeStop (sterile)
- Sampled destructively in triplicate
 Days 1, 7, 14, 21



- Water concentration monitored by head-space analysis
- Total benzene mass monitored by whole-system extraction







REGENESIS



Q: Is net contaminant degradation rate enhanced, inhibited or unaffected by sorption into the biomatrix?

Benzene Degradation Batch-Equilibrium Study #2

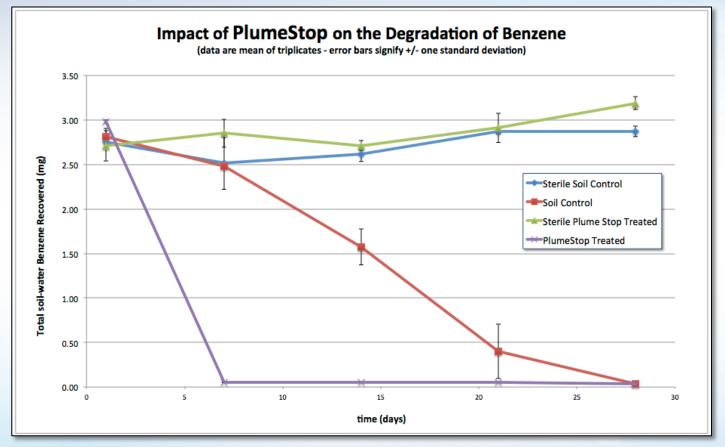
- Soil-water slurry microcosms
 - Treatment 1: with PlumeStop (live)
 - Treatment 2: with PlumeStop (sterile)
 - Treatment 3: no PlumeStop (sterile)

Treatment 4: no PlumeStop (live)

- Sampled destructively in triplicate
 Days 1, 7, 14, 21, 28
- Whole-system extraction







Howard et al (1991) "Handbook of Environmental Degradation Rates." Lewis Publishers Inc. ISBN 0-87371-358-3



Plume**Stop**



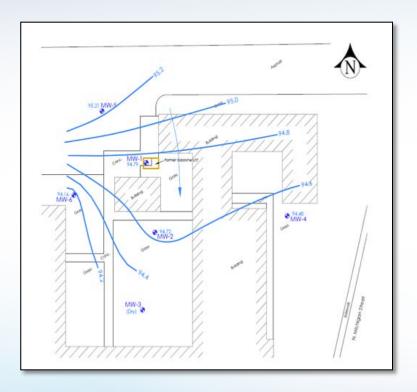
-performance -

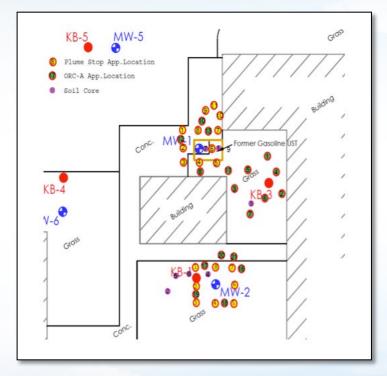
hydrocarbon site







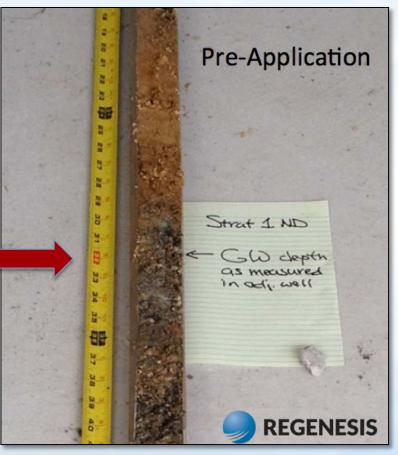








Pre-application soil cores

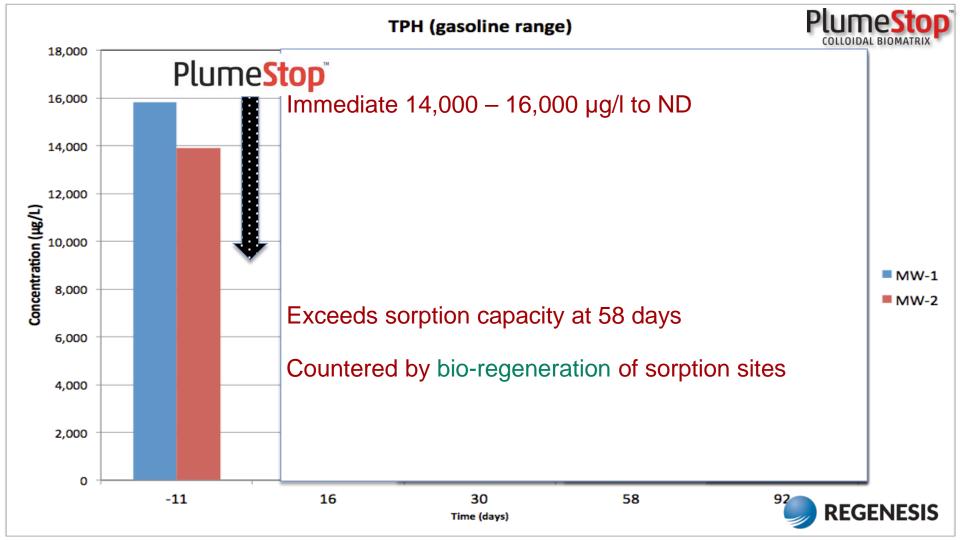




Post-application soil cores







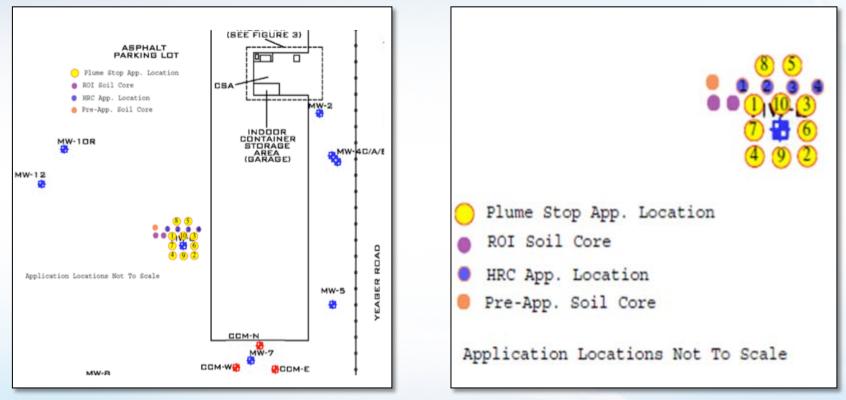


chlorinated solvent site







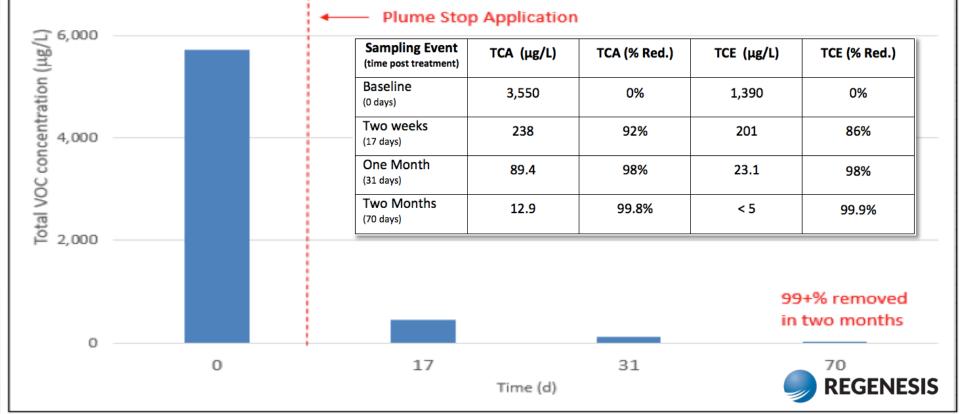




Total VOCs in Groundwater



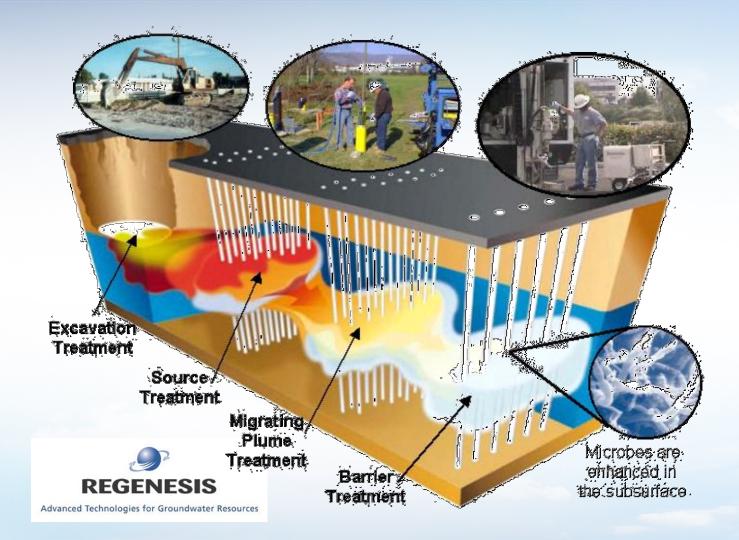
PlumeStop[™] - Performance - Field



Critical Questions for the Technology

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Bacteria and substrate are concentrated together Mobile-porosity concentrations decline / remain low



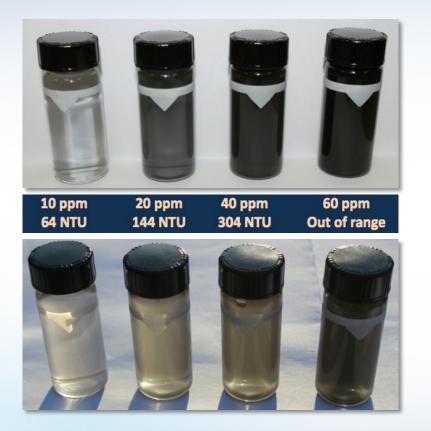
Biodegradation accelerated within the matrix GW contaminants partition into the PlumeStop Back-diffusion gradient created / sustained

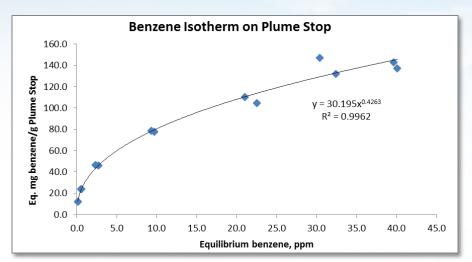
Sorption sites are regenerated

Contaminant diffuses out of immobile porosity

PlumeStop[™]: Sorption Capacity







(Freundlich) sorption isotherm of PlumeStop with respect to benzene

Remains similar to unmodified powdered activated carbon

