



UVF OF HEAVY PHC – OFFICE VERSUS FIELD USE

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OFFICE USE

Sample	F2	F3	F4	Total PHC	Water	Hexane
Office-1	ND	ND	ND	<60	-	-
Office-2	<10	<30	<20	<60	-	-
Office-3	<10	<30	<20	<60	-	-
Office-4	<10	<30	<20	<60	-	-
Office-5	12	<30	<20	<60	-	-
Office-6	<10	<30	<20	<60	-	-
Office-7	31	166	54	251	-	-
Office-8	28	185	84	297	-	-
Office-9	<10	342	220	562	-	+
Office-10	63	398	136	597	-	+ (faint)
Office-11	90	429	108	627	-	+ (faint)
Office-12	685	1100	190	1975	NA	+ (faint)
Office-13	2490	223	<20	2713	NA	+
Office-14	1270	1080	326	2676	+	+
Office-15	1080	3400	1140	5620	+	+
Office-16				16550	-	+
Office-17				54360	+	+

OFFICE USE

- 100% in hexane with this data set, best of all scenarios
- Most widely used at Matrix (for sample selection)
- Controlled setting, no outdoor light



CONTINUOUS SAMPLING

SAMPLE	FIELD VOC	TOTAL BTEX	TOTAL PHC (C11-C60)	WATER	HEXANE
CS-1	240	0.0	0	Negative	N/A
CS-2	400	0.0	0	Negative	N/A
CS-3	170	0.1	0	Positive	N/A
CS-4	30	0.0	0	Negative	Negative
CS-6	50	0.0	5	Negative	Negative
CS-7	300	0.0	6	Negative	N/A
CS-8	220	0.5	10	Slight?	Negative
CS-9	460	0.0	18	Positive	N/A
CS-10	95	0.0	65	Negative	N/A
CS-11	110	0.0	300	Negative	Negative
CS-12	130	1.3	360	Negative	Negative
CS-13	2000	0.4	370	Positive	N/A
CS-14	500	0.4	370	Positive	N/A
CS-15	1850	1.4	580	Positive	N/A
CS-16	320	0.3	770	Negative	Negative
CS-17	2200	6.2	1200	Positive	N/A
CS-18	740	4.8	1400	Positive	N/A
CS-19	1700	10.5	1700	Positive	N/A
CS-20	2300	6.1	1900	Positive	N/A
CS-21	380	10.9	3500	Positive	N/A
CS-22	1350	9.9	3900	Positive	N/A
CS-23	970	6.6	4500	Positive	N/A

CONTINUOUS SAMPLING

- Plenty of time between testing events
- Fresher impact with saturated areas, very strong response
- 3 unexpected responses (but 90% correlation)
- Homogeneity or sampling error
- Sample size decreased to decrease sensitivity

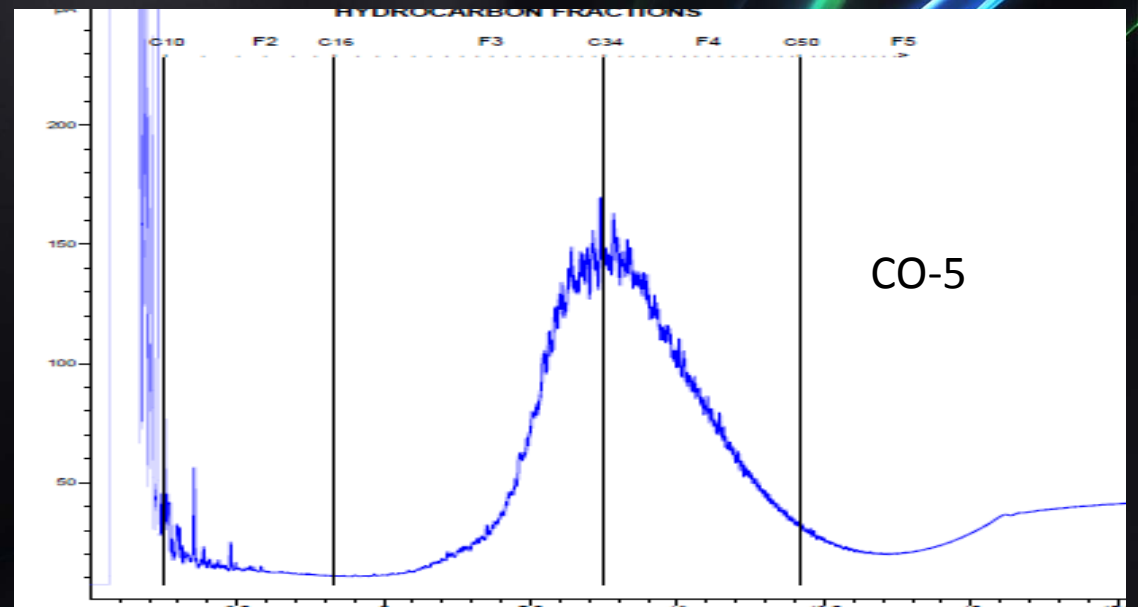
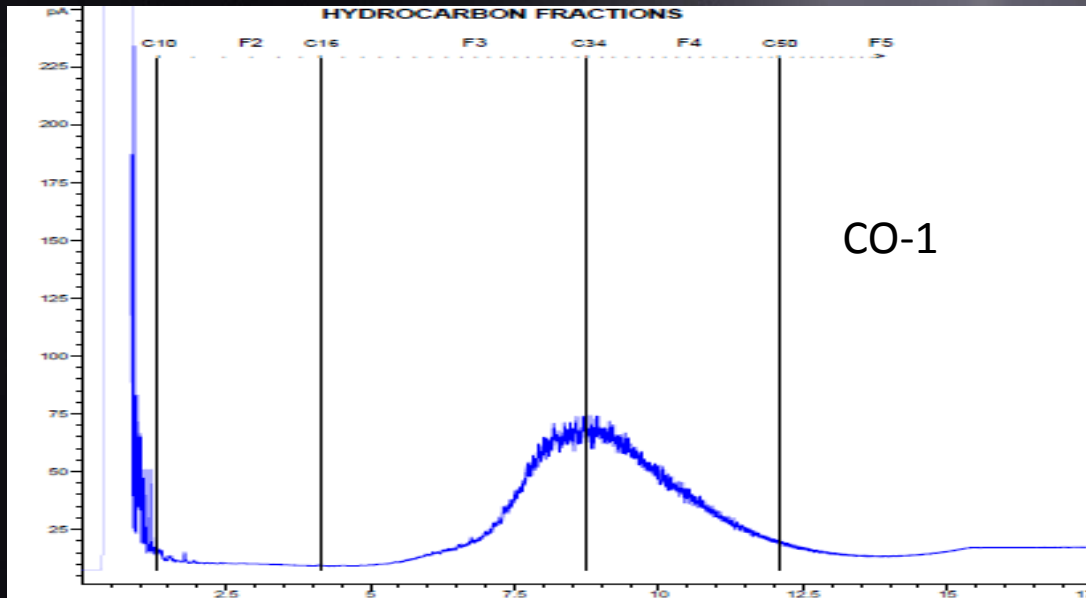


COMPRESSOR OIL SPILL

Sample	Soil Vapour	F1 (C6-C10)	F2 + F3 (C11-C34)	UVF Response
CO-1	-	504	540	slight
CO-2	60%	< 4	< 30	-
CO-3	170	< 4	< 30	-
CO-4	85	< 4	< 30	-
CO-5	100%	3830	990	-
CO-6	420	< 4	< 30	-
CO-7	620	6	< 30	-
CO-8	410	68	< 30	-
CO-9	70	< 4	< 30	-
CO-10	50	< 4	< 30	-
CO-11	10%	268	< 30	-
CO-12	40	< 4	< 30	-
CO-13	130	< 4	< 30	-



COMPRESSOR OIL SPILL



COMPRESSOR OIL SPILL

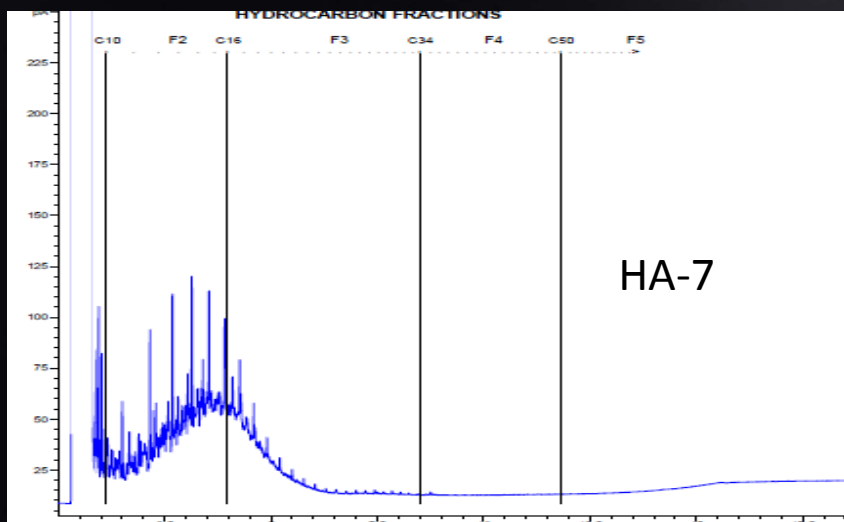
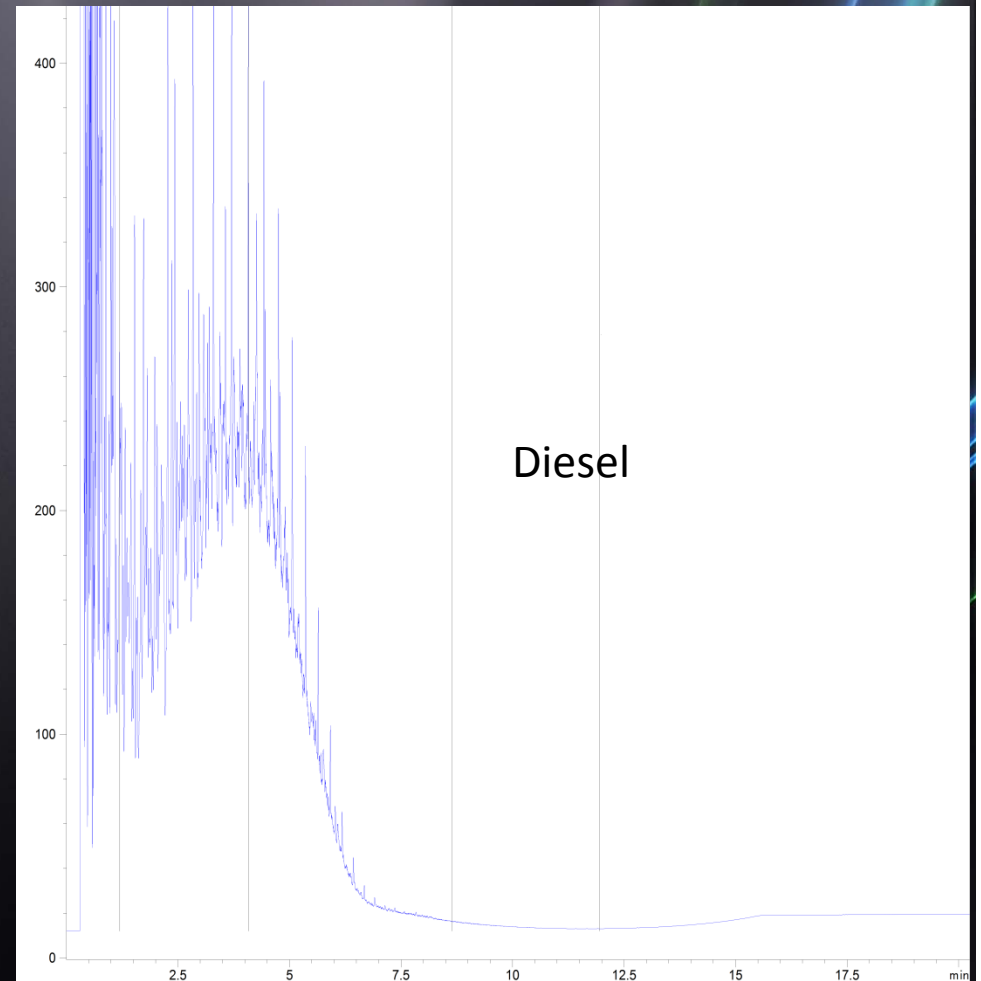
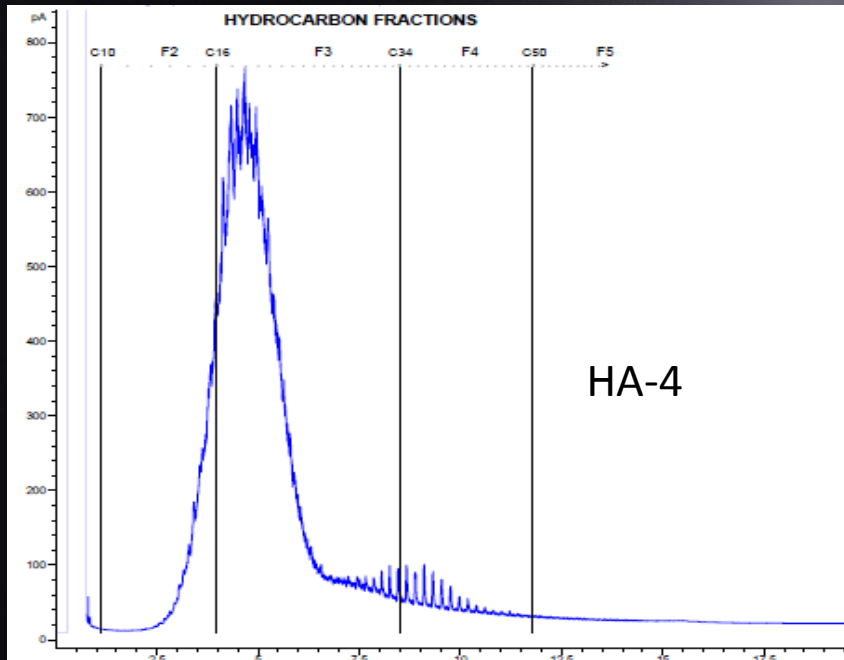
- Spill had been scraped prior to sampling
- Slight and no response where F3 reported
- Very little PAHs in compressor oil on lab analysis
- Unexpected light end hits (likely condensate - F1) with no response from UVF as expected
- Bio-remediation for remaining impacted soils



HAND AUGER SAMPLING

Sample	F1 (C6-C10)	F2 + F3 (C11-C34)	UVF Screening	Chromatogram Comments
HA-1	<4	60	slight odour, no response	very weathered diesel pattern at C17, little single peak shaping
HA-2	<4	<30	drier soil, no response	some minor peak shaping around C25
HA-3	<4	90	no odour, possible very slight purple response	weathered diesel at C17 extending to C46
HA-4	<4	6300	light odour, slight response	completely weathered material at C17, does not appear to be similar to the diesel pattern
HA-5	<4	<30	slight response	fairly clean chromatogram
HA-6	<4	1800	organic material, no response	completely weathered material at C17, does not appear to be similar to the diesel pattern, secondary peak at C28
HA-7	37	740	slight odour, no response	diesel pattern response
HA-8	<4	<30	no odour, no response	clean chromatogram

HAND AUGER SAMPLING



HAND AUGER SAMPLING

- Diesel used as cleaner, clay soil at surface, sun baked
- Very weathered, only 1 ppm PAHs per 6,300 mg/kg PHC with slight response
- Hexane only and 5 minute wait gave good UVF response for HA-4



FIELD USE – KEY POINTS

1

- Understanding hydrocarbon characterization of site is beneficial

2

- Gain experience on known samples

3

- Complete trial run on equipment prior to job

4

- Be consistent throughout work



CONCLUSIONS

- Impact homogeneity and/or field sampling to laboratory error issues can be reflected by UVF field testing (increased data set)
- Effectiveness will be dependent on PHC characteristics – what holds the PAHs
- Shown to be effective in separating soil with only F1 impacts from that of F1 plus heavy end PHCs
- Leads to more intelligent sample selection
- Addresses odour testing safety issues

