



On-Site Remediation Approach for a Former Petrochemical Plant

Environmental Consulting

> Engineering Solutions

Assessment & Protection

KeystoneEnviro.com

Former Chatterton Petrochemical Plant 7927 Huston Road, Delta, BC

> Jason Christensen October 20, 2011 11am

Overview

- Location and History
- Site Characterization
- Remediation

- Challenges
- Solutions
- Results

Knowledge-Driven Results

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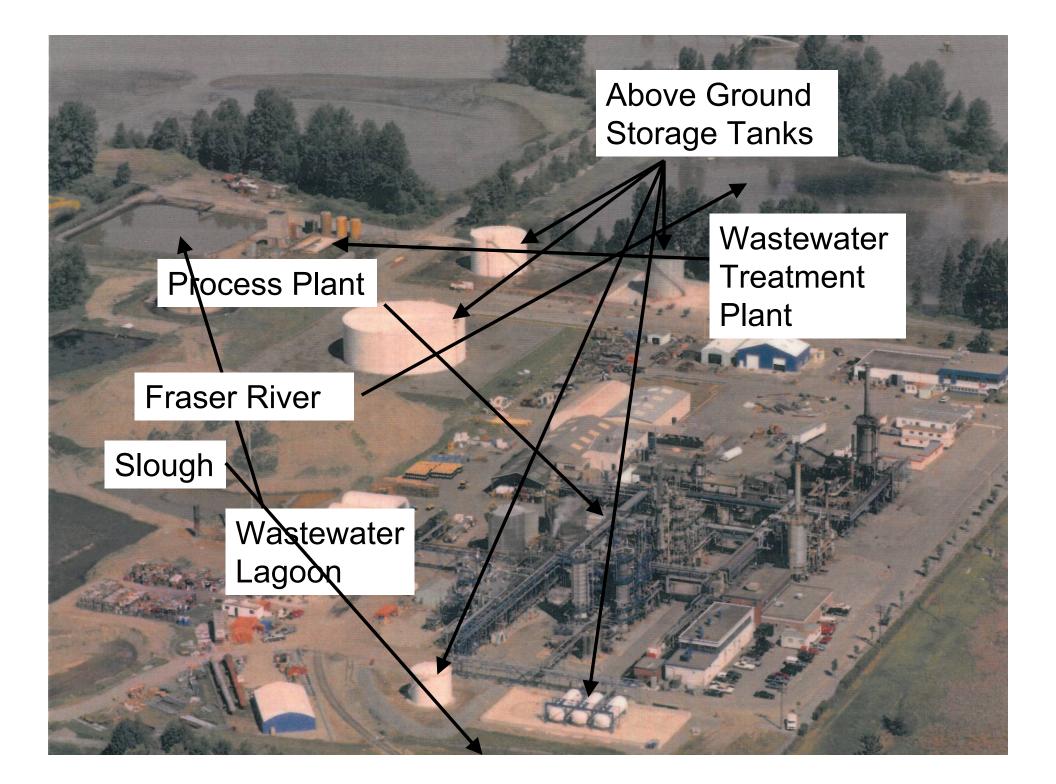
History

- Agricultural prior to 1960s
- Plant constructed circa 1960
- Dow Chemical, 1961-84

- Chatterton Petrochemical, 1984-92
 - Mainly benzoic acid, phenol, meta-toluic acid
 - The waste products and by-products include:
 - Benzene and tar residues from various reactor vessels
 - By-product tars were incinerated on-Site from 1961 to 1992

Process waste water was treated on-Site in the Biox plant which consisted of an equalization lagoon

A toluene spill of approximately 220,000 lbs in the process plant area in 1982



Background

Chemical Plant decommissioned in 1992.

The Client acquired the site as part of a larger purchase.

Management objective is to redevelop the site as an industrial park.

The Client requested Keystone provide strategic oversight to the existing consultant. Within a year, Keystone was requested to take project to completion.

Timeline Objectives

Keystone committed to obtain a Certificate of Compliance within three years.

Methodologies included:

- Consolidation of previous investigations to plan a go forward strategy
- Direct MOE liaison to ensure MOE on board with remedial actions
- Remediation strategy sensitive to timelines, costs and sustainability

Identification of Areas of Potential Environmental Concern

- 14 APECs identified
- Remediation approach for:
 - APEC 1 Process Plant
 - APEC 4 Lagoon

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Risk assessment selected for remaining APECs





Contamination Summary

On-Site:

- Hazardous waste soils in former equalization lagoon
- Petroleum free product on top of groundwater in Process Plant Area
- Groundwater analytical results indicated toluene at concentrations of up to 250,000 µg/L

Off-Site:

- Toluene and xylene contaminated groundwater to the south
- Groundwater analytical results indicated toluene at concentrations of up to 90,000 µg/L

Remediation Challenges

Large volume of waste and hazardous waste soils
➢ Off-Site dig and dump too expensive
➢ In-situ remediation too slow

Concerns for Groundwater migration to the south off-site under railway to slough

The presence of an endangered plant species – a Lupine colony in remediation area.

Access to this area was initially refused by Ministry of Environment

Remediation Challenges

- High concentrations of contaminants
- Health and safety measures
 - During and after construction
- Groundwater treatment
 - Options for dewatering
- Close proximity to river and slough
- Active railway over off-Site contamination
- Permitting
- Timeline
- Site size, access, and location

Remediation Strategy

Site Future Use: ➤ Industrial Park

Goals:
➢ Follow an aggressive timeline
➢ Lower cost than dig and dump

Approach:

- Risk-based Certificate of Compliance
- Remediate areas that cannot be risk assessed
- Risk assessment included fate/transport modeling and toxicity testing

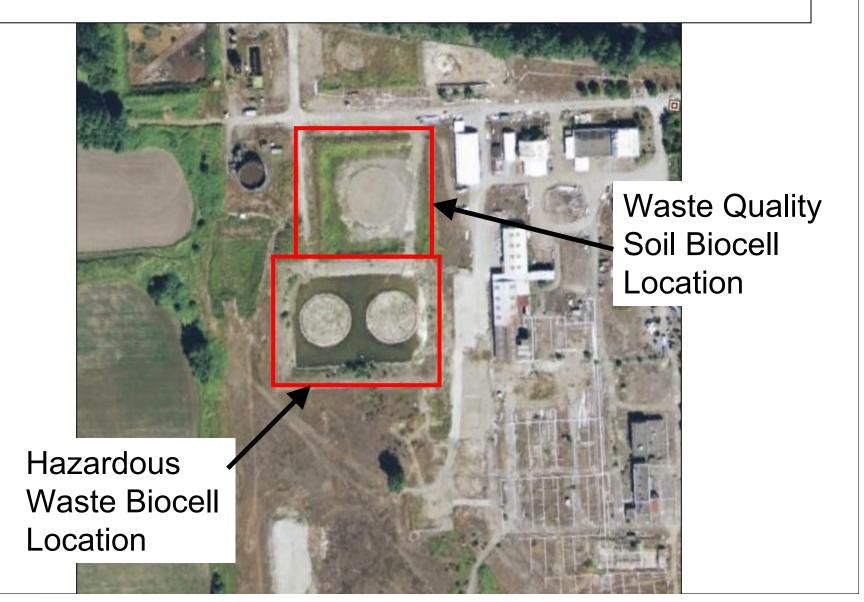
Solutions

- Biocell Construction
 - Treating soil on-site
 - Lowering costs (vs. trucking to treatment facility)
 - Obtaining hazardous waste storage approval
 - The treated soil could be used as backfill
- Excavation
 - Excavated and segragated contaminated soils into appropriate biocell
 - Utilized existing water treatment plant and permit for dewatering
 - Obtained Metro-Vancouver air discharge approval
 - Air monitoring during excavation
- Chemical Injection
 - Injecting chemicals at both low and high pressures
 - Returning for several rounds of injection
 - Protecting streambank lupine

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Biocell Construction

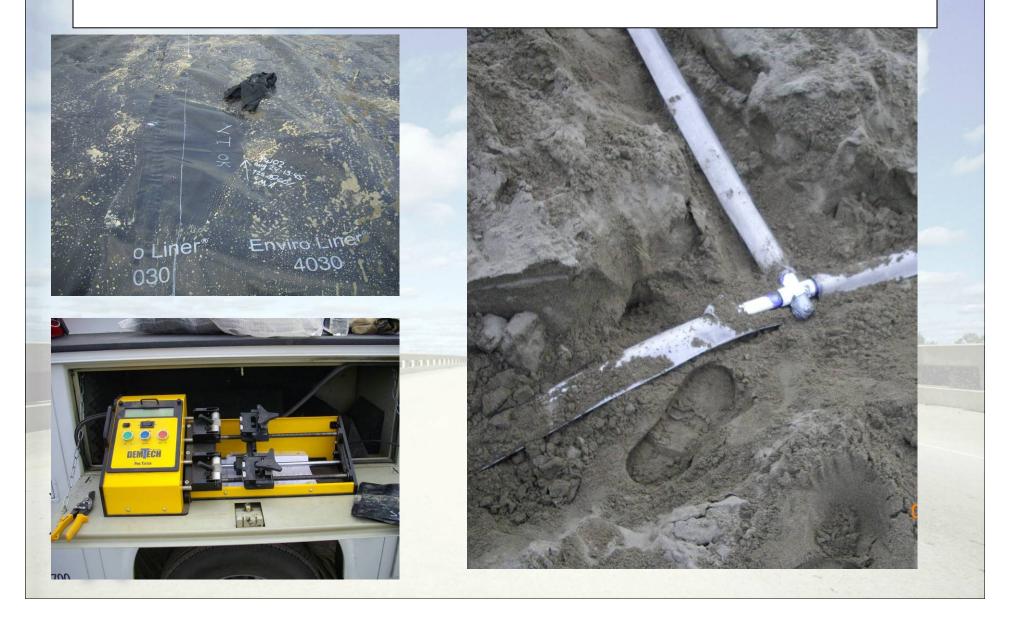
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- Treating Hazardous Waste and Waste Quality soil on-site
- Using double liner and monitoring system for hazardous waste containment
- Constructed within former tank nest containment compounds



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Remediation of Former Process Area

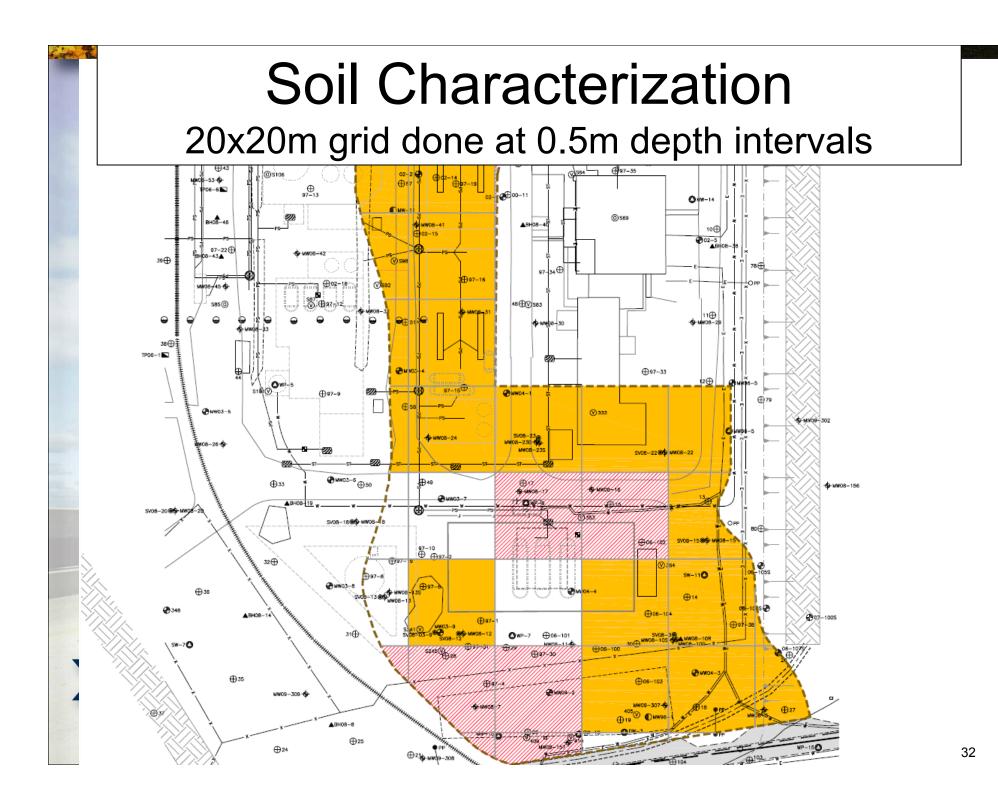


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Remediation of Former Process Area

- Characterized soil within former process area
- Excavated clean overburden soil and set aside on poly
- Excavated contaminated soil
- Removed free product on top of groundwater with Vacuum Truck
- Pumped groundwater within excavation to existing on-Site treatment plant to remediate groundwater
- Collected confirmatory samples
- Backfilled excavation with clean overburden
- Treated contaminated soil on-site
- Treated soil remains on-site as fill





Health and Safety

- Use of respirators
- Continuous monitoring of atmosphere and comparing to Work Safe values

 Communication with contractors and equipment operators



Excavation Process



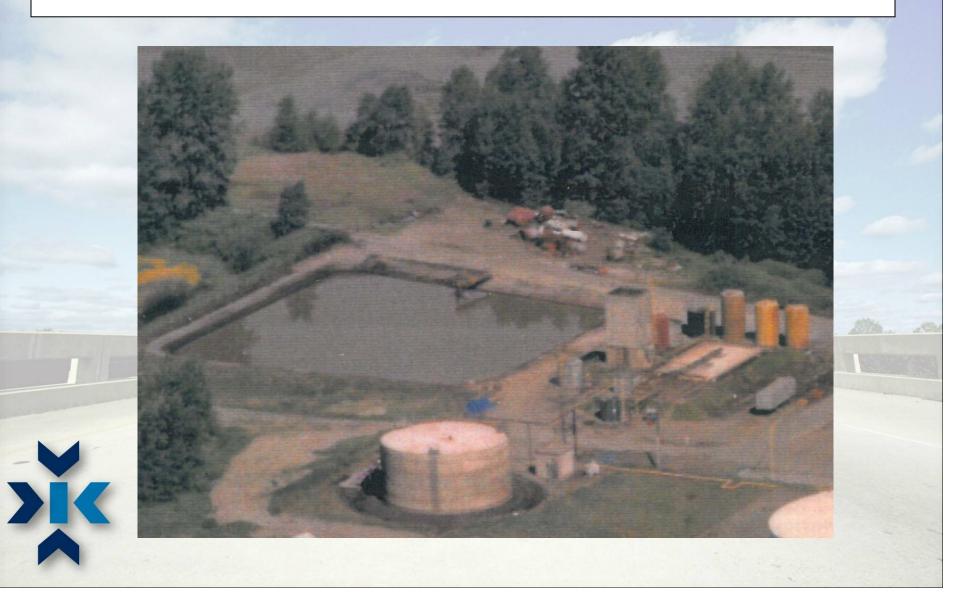


NAPL within the Excavation





On Site Water Treatment Plant

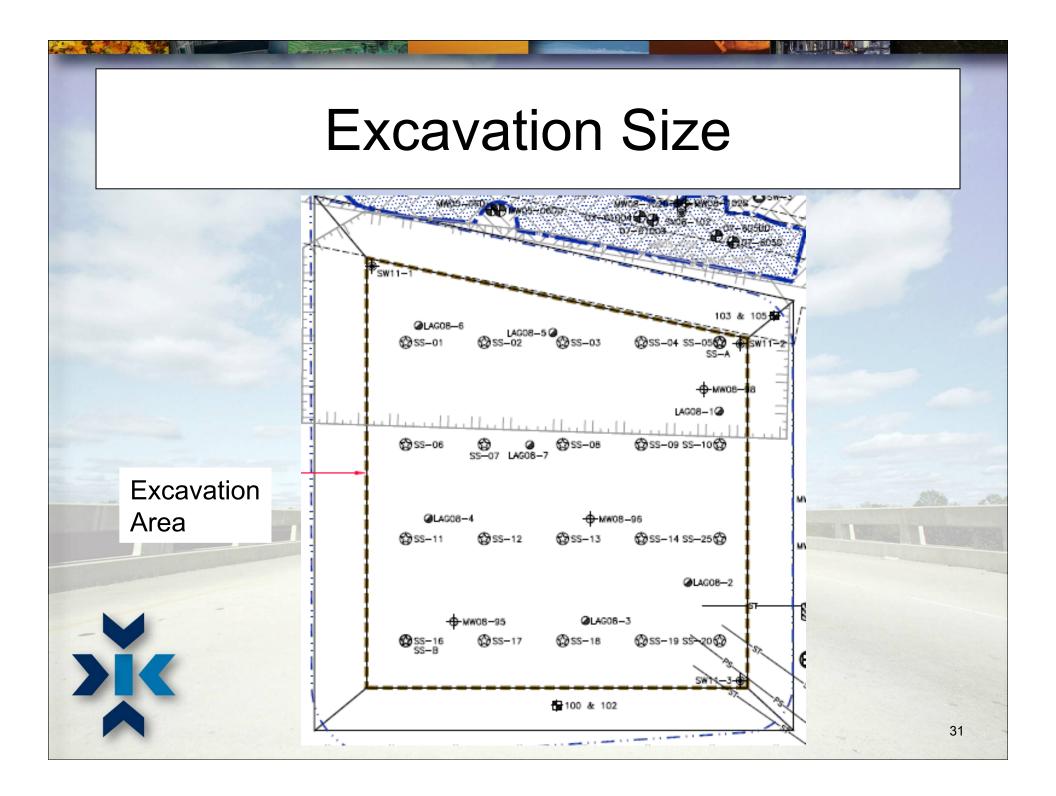


Remediation of Lagoon



Remediation of Lagoon

Base of the Lagoon was excavated 2 m
 Treated contaminated soil on-site within the biocells



Lagoon Remediation



Streambank Lupine

- Rare, endangered plant species on site
 - Worked with Streambank Lupine Society to minimize damage to the vegetation
 - Botanist on site while injection took place





Objectives to reduce the concentrations of BTEX and VPH in groundwater to less than risk based target concentrations.

 First round of chemical injection between October and November 2010

Second round between January and February 2011

Third round in June 2011



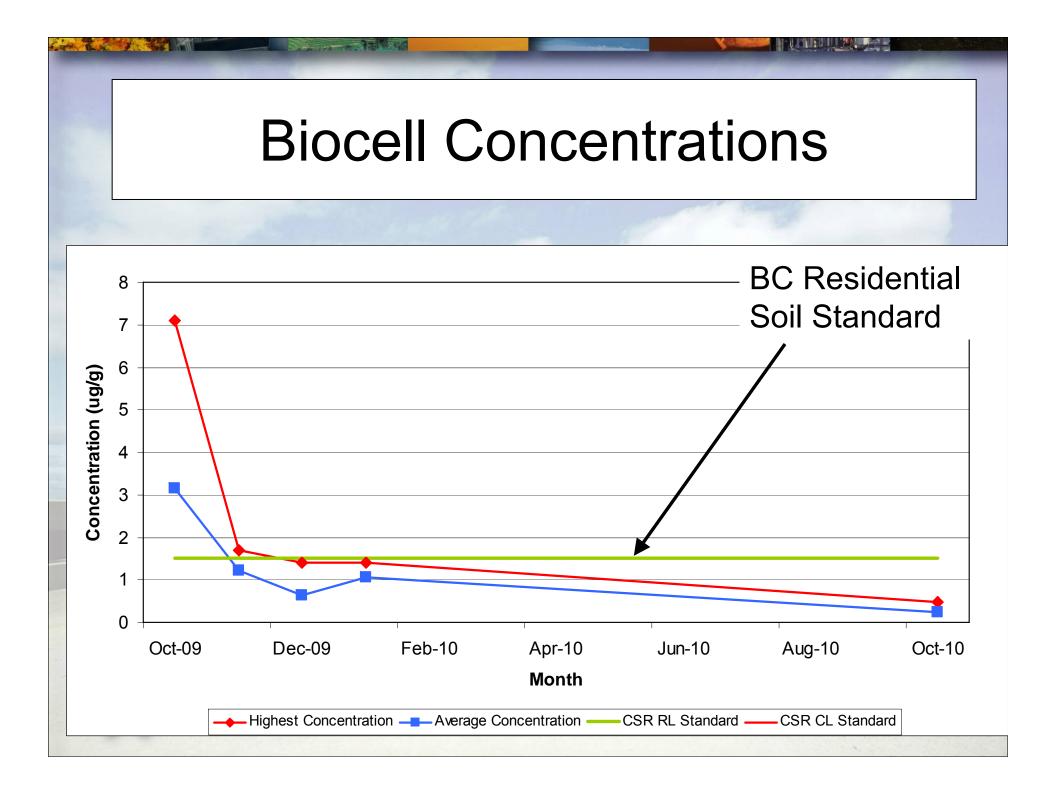


- Used RegenOX and ORC
- Treated Dissolved Toluene Concentration from 90,000 µg/L
 - These chemicals were used due to the close proximity to the receiving environment and lower H&S risk

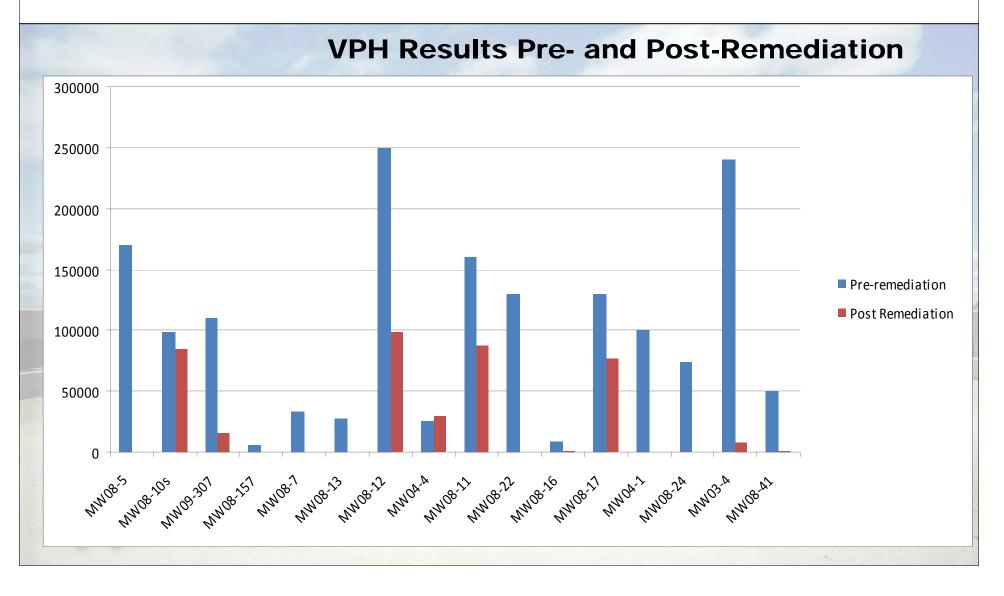


Results

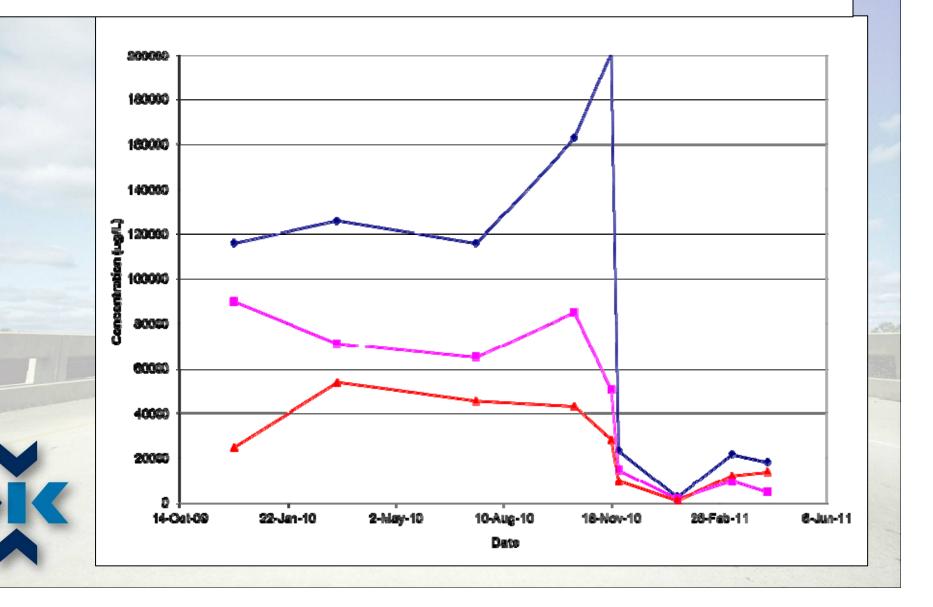
- Soil concentrations within both the Hazardous Waste and Waste cells were reduced to less than Residential Quality
- Groundwater concentrations within process area were reduced to concentrations acceptable for risk assessment
- Off-Site chemical injection appears to have reduced concentrations adequately for risk assessment



Confirmatory Groundwater Samples



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Conclusions

- Saved >\$1 M in transport and disposal by using an onsite Biocell to treat the waste and hazardous waste soils
- Saved >\$145 K from completing biocell remediation under budget and ahead of schedule
- Saved >\$250 K from using existing plant water treatment facility to treat contaminated groundwater

Conclusions

- Application for on-site Certificate of Compliance submitted to MOE in January 2011 - expected by end of 2011
- Off-site Remediation on track under an AIP
- Off-site Certificate of Compliance expected by end of 2013

Project was on time and under budget

Questions?

Remediation Project Overview Former Chatterton Petrochemical Plant

> Jason Christensen, P. Eng. Keystone Environmental Ltd. October 20, 2011